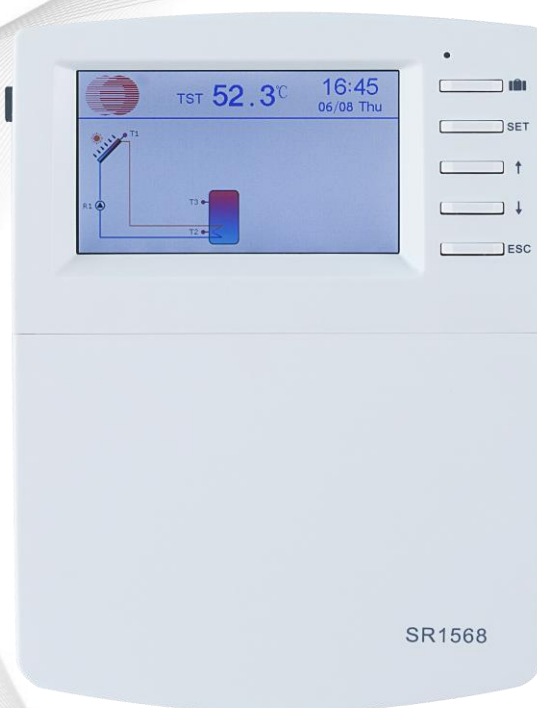


Operation Manual of Solar controller SR1568 for split solar system



Version En 2015.08

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1. Safety information

1.1 Installation and commissioning

- When laying wires, please ensure that no damage occurs to any of the constructional fire safety measures presented in the building.
- The controller must not be installed in rooms where easily inflammable gas mixtures are present or may occur.
- The permissible environmental conditions can't be exceeded at the site of installation.
- Before connecting the device, make sure that the energy supply matches the specifications that controller requires.
- All devices connected to the controller must conform to the technical specifications of the controller.
- All operations on an open controller are only to be conducted cleared from the power supply. All safety regulations for working on the power supply are valid.
- Connecting and /or all operations that require opening the collector (e.g. changing the fuse) are only conducted by specialists.

1.2 About this manual

This manual describes the installation, functions and operation of a solar controller. When installing the remaining components e.g. the solar collectors and the tank unit, please be sure to observe the appropriate installation instructions provided by each manufacturer. Installation, electrical connection, commissioning and maintenance of the device may only be performed by trained professional person. The professional person must be familiar with this manual and follow the instructions contained herein.

1.3 Liability waiver

The manufacturer can't monitor the compliance with these instructions or the circumstances and methods used for installation, operation, utilization and maintenance of this controller. Improper installation can cause damages to material and person. This is the reason why we do not take over responsibility and liability for losses, damages or cost that might arise due to improper installation, operation or wrong utilization and maintenance or that occurs in some connection with the aforementioned. Moreover we do not take over liability for patent infringements or infringements – occurring in connection with the use of this controller on the third parties rights. The manufacturer preserves the right to put changes to product, technical data or installation and operation instructions without prior notice. As soon as it becomes evident that safe operation is no longer possible (e.g. visible damage). Please immediate take the device out of operation. Note: ensure that the device can't be accidentally placed

into operation.

1.4 Important information

We have carefully checked the text and pictures of this manual and provided the best of our knowledge and ideas, however inevitable errors may exist. Please note that we cannot guarantee that this manual is given in the integrity of image and text, they are just some examples, and they apply only to our own system. Incorrect, incomplete and erroneous information and the resulting damage we do not take responsibility.

1.5 Signal description



Safety indication: Safety instructions in the text are marked with a warning triangle.

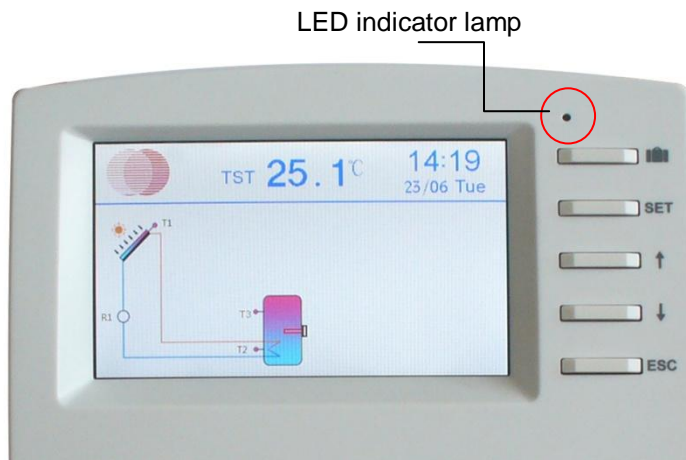
They indicate measures which can lead to injury of person or safety risks.


Operation steps: small triangle “►” is used to indicate operation step.



Notes: Contains important information about operation or functions.

1.6 HMI button



- Controller is operated with the 5 buttons besides the screen
- “” holiday button
- “SET” button: confirm / selection
- “↑” up button: increase the value
- “↓” down button: reduce the value
- “ESC” button return/ exit : return to previous menu



Note: TST is temperature of tank (on screen)

2 Overview

2.1 Controller introduction

- TFT colorful screen display
- 6 * relay outputs
- 1 * low voltage relay output
- 7 * sensor inputs
- 1 * Grundfos Direct Sensor TM (VFS) simulation input
- 1 * Grundfos Direct Sensor TM (RPS) simulation input
- 3 * Variable frequency PWM outputs for the speed control of the high efficiency pump
- Data saved on the TF card (Micro SD)
- 485 communication port
- 23 systems for choose



2.2 Delivery list

- 1 * SR1568 controller
- 1 * accessory bag
- 1 * user manual
- 2 * screen and expansion
- 2 * PT1000 temperature sensor ($\phi 6 \times 50$ mm, cable length 1.5meter)
- 5 * NTC10K temperature sensor ($\phi 6 \times 50$ mm, cable length 3meter)
- 1 * clamp bag

2.3 Technical data

- Input:
 - 2* PT1000 temperature sensors
 - 5* NTC10K, B=3950 temperature sensors
 - 1* Grundfos Direct Sensor TM (VFS type)
 - 1* Grundfos Direct Sensor TM (RPS type)
- Output:
 - 3* Electromagnetic relay, Max. current 1A
 - 3* Semiconductor relay, Max. current 1A
 - 1* Potential-free extra-low voltage relay (on/off signal)
 - 3* PWM variable frequency output (switchable 0-10V)
- Functions: operating hours counter, tube collector function, thermostat function, pump speed control, heat quantity measurement, external heat exchange, adjustable system parameters and optional functions (menu-driven), balance and diagnostics

- Power supply : 100...240V ~(50...60Hz)
- Rated impulse voltage: 2.5KV
- Data interface : TF (Micro SD)
- 485 current supply: 60mA
- Housing: Plastic ABS
- Mounting: Wall mounting
- Indication / Display: System-Monitoring-Display, for visualization of the systems, TFT colorful display, and background illumination
- Operation: 5 push buttons at the front cover
- Protection type: IP41
- Protection class: I
- Ambient temperature: 0 ... 40 °C
- Degree of pollution: 2
- Dimensions: 208*158*43mm



Note: TF (Micro SD) isn't included in the delivery list

3. Installation



Note: The unit must only be located in the dry interior rooms. Please separate routing of sensor wires and mains wires. Make sure the controller as well as the system is not exposed to strong electromagnetic fields.

3.1 Mounting controller

Follow the below steps to mount the controller on the wall.

- Unscrew the crosshead screw from the cover and remove it along with the cover from the housing.
- Mark the upper fastening point on the wall. Drill and fasten the enclosed wall plug and screw leaving the head protruding.
- Hang the housing from the upper fastening point and mark the lower fastening points (centers 180 mm).
- Drill and insert lower wall plugs.
- Fasten the housing to the wall with the lower fastening screw and tighten.
- Carry out the electrical wiring in accordance with the terminal allocation

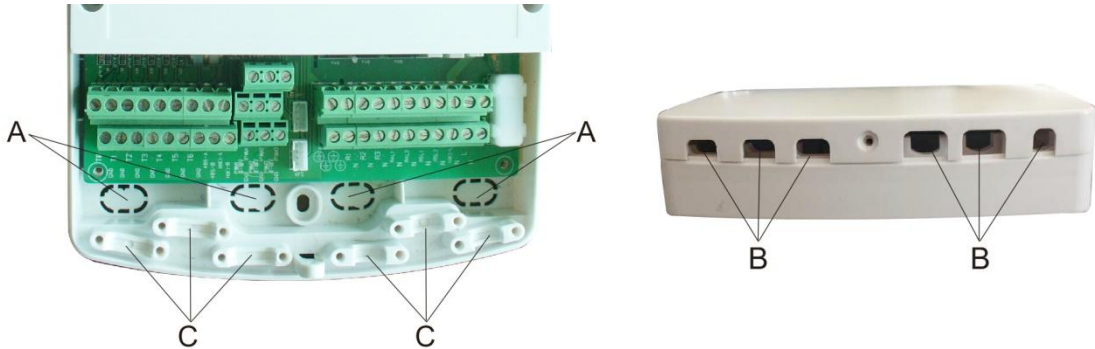


- Put the cover on the housing. Attach with the fastening screw.

3.2 Wiring connection


According to the way of installation, wire can be connected from hole A on the bottom plate or from hole B, using a suitable tool (like knife) to cut the plastic of A.

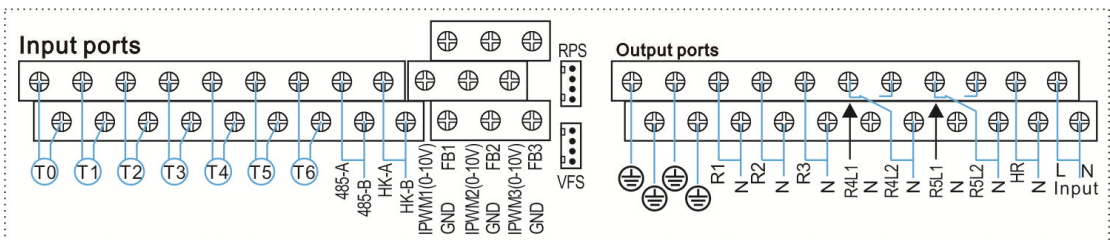
Note: wires must be fastened by fixing clamps on position C.



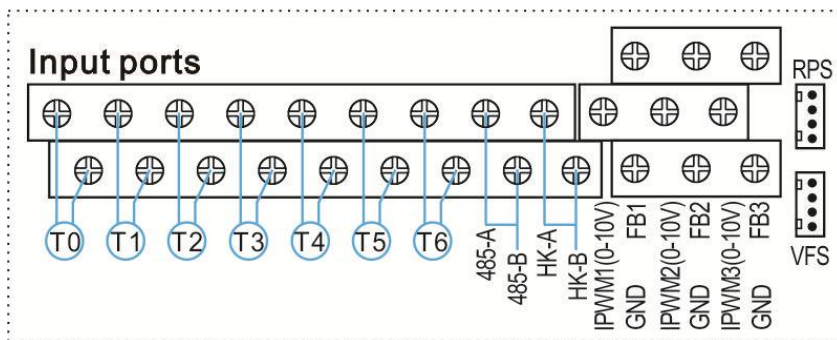
3.3 Terminal connection



 **Note:** before opening the housing! Always disconnect the controller from power supply and obey the local electrical supply regulation.



- **Input terminals**



T0~T1: PT1000 temperature sensor, for measuring the temperature of collector and

thermal energy calculation.

T2~T6: NTC10K, B=3950 temperature sensor, for measuring temperature of tank and pipe.

Communication port 485: ELA485, for remote control communication

HK-A, HK-B: Dry connection on/off signal ports, (HK and HR simultaneously open or close, for boiler heating control)

IPWM1, IPWM2, IPWM3: Signal ports for high efficiency pump, detailed connection see below

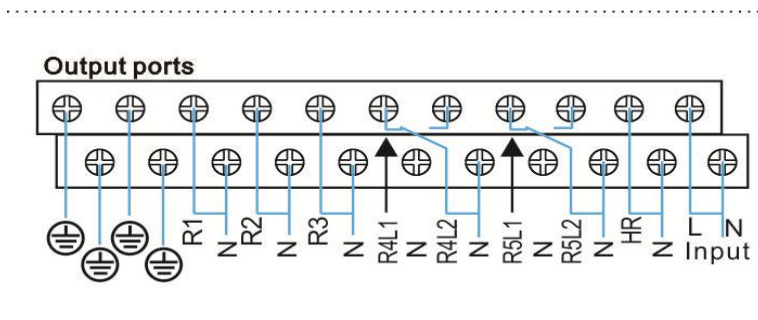
RPS: For Grundfos pressure sensor

VFS: For Grundfos flowmeter sensor

● **Advice regarding the installation of temperature sensors:**

- ① Only original factory equipped Pt1000 temperature sensors are approved for using with the collector, it is equipped with 1.5m silicon cable and suitable for all weather conditions, the cable is temperature resistant up to 280°C, connect the temperature sensors to the corresponding terminals with either polarity.
- ② Only original factory equipped NTC10K,B=3950 temperature sensors are approved for using with tank and pipe, it is equipped with 3m PVC cable, and the cable is temperature resistant up to 105°C, connect the temperature sensors to the corresponding terminals with either polarity.
- ③ All sensor cables carry low voltage, and to avoid inductive effects, must not be laid close to 230 volt or 400 volt cables (minimum separation of 100mm).
- ④ If external inductive effects are existed, e.g. from heavy current cables, overhead train cables, transformer substations, radio and television devices, amateur radio stations, microwave devices etc., then the cables to the sensors must be adequately shielded.
- ⑤ Sensor cables may be extended to a maximum length of ca. 100 meter, when cable's length is up to 50m, and then 0.75mm² cable should be used. When cable's length is up to 100m, and then 1.5mm² cables should be used.

- **Output terminal**



Input Ports L N: for power connection, L: live wire, N: zero wire, protective wire

Output R1: Semiconductor relays (SCR), designed for pump speed control, Max. Current: 1A

Output R2: Semiconductor relays (SCR), designed for pump speed control, Max. Current: 1A

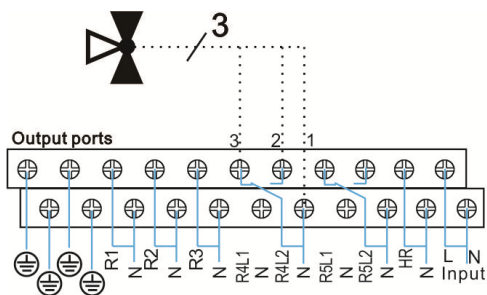
Output R3: Semiconductor relays (SCR), designed for pump speed control, Max. Current: 1A

Output R4: Electromagnetic relays, designed for on/off control of pump or 3-ways electromagnetic valve, Max. Current: 1A

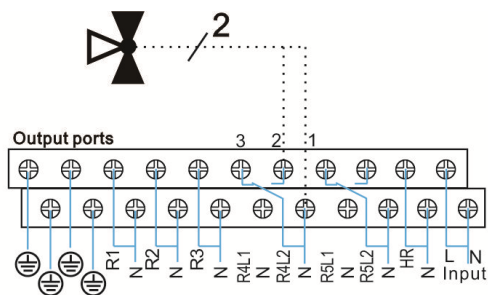
Output R5: Electromagnetic relays, designed for on/off control of pump or 3-ways electromagnetic valve, Max. Current: 1A

Output HR: Electromagnetic relays, designed for on/off control of back-up heating device, Max. Current: 1A

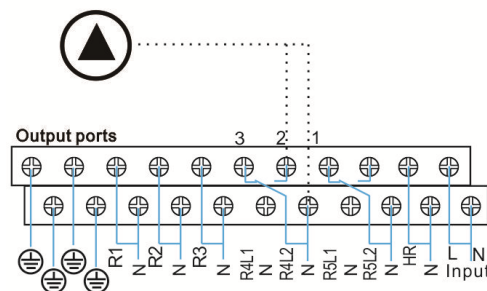
- R4, R5 terminals for 3-ways valve / pump connection



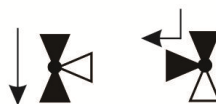
Valve with 3 wires



Valve with 2 wires



Pump connection

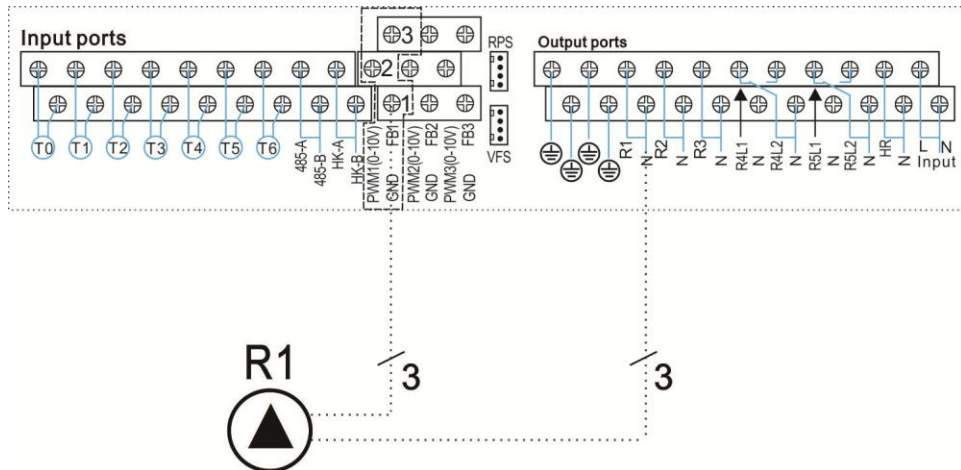


Flow direction
when normally open

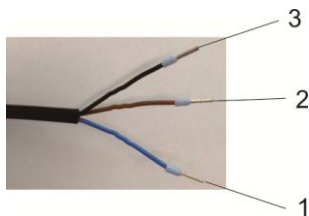
R4~R5: When it is for control 3 ways electromagnetic valve, (3 is normally close port, 2 is normally on port ,1 is common port)

When it is for control pump, (2 is normally on port, 1 is common port)

- Connection with high efficiency pump



- Connecting the signal wire from the high-efficiency pump



Signal	Overmoulded Pin	Cable color
PWM input (from controller)	1	brown
PWM common	2	Grey or blue
PWM output (from the pump)	3	black

Signal wire 1 from the high-efficiency pump is connected to GND port of controller

Signal wire 2 from the high-efficiency pump is connected to PWM1 port of controller

Signal wire 3 from the high-efficiency pump is connected to FB1 port of controller or not connected



Note: High-efficiency pump with 0-10V signal only has 2 signal wires, connected to the corresponding port GND, PWM1 of controller.

3.4 TF (MicroSD) Card

Controller is equipped with a slot for TF (Micro SD) card. With TF (MicroSD) card, following functions can be carried out:

- Save the measurement and balance values onto the MicroSD card. After transferring

the data to a computer, the values can be opened and visualized, e. g. in a spreadsheet.

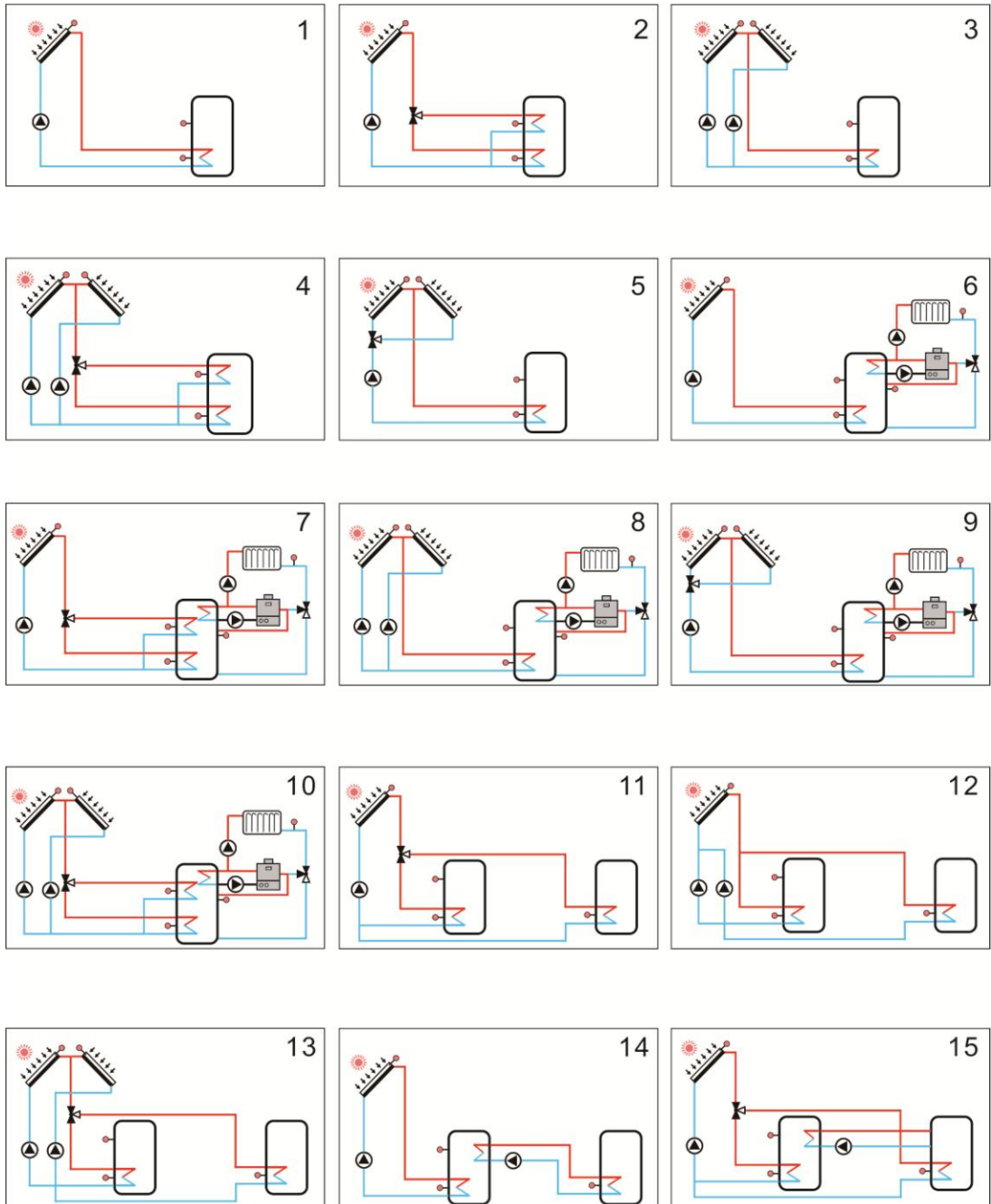
- Prepare adjustments and parameterizations on a computer and transfer them via the MicroSD card to the controller.
- Save adjustments and parameterizations on the MicroSD card and, if necessary, retrieve them from there.
- Copy the updated firmware and install them on the controller via MicroSD card.

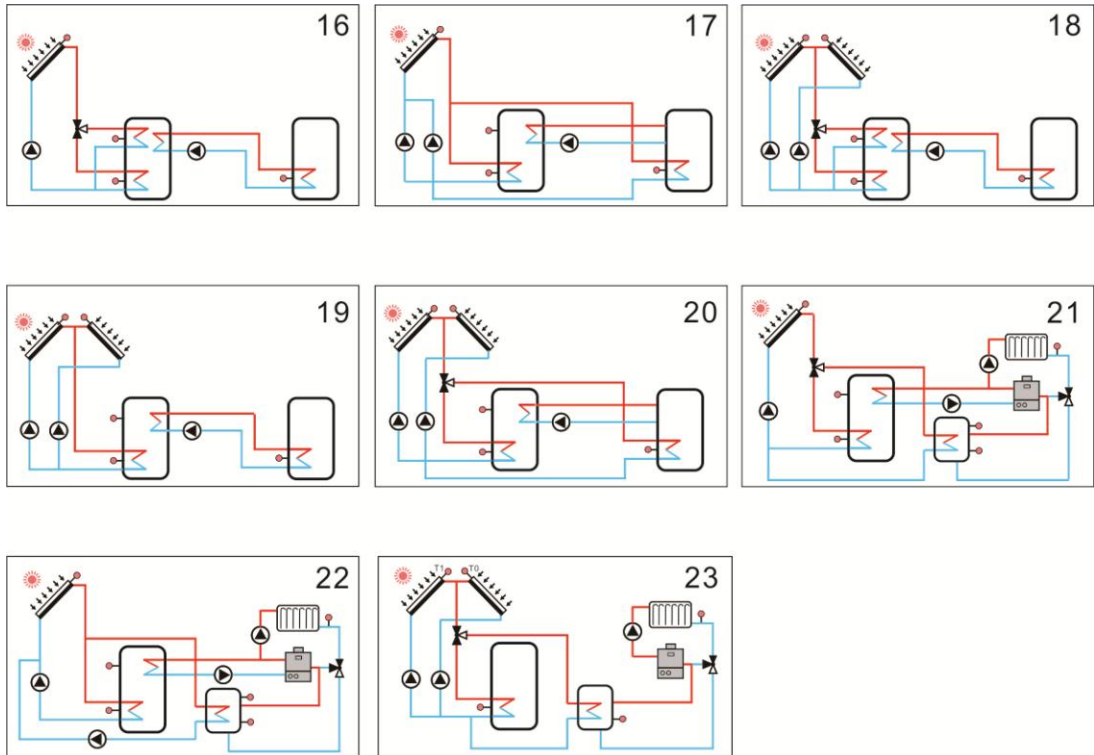


Note: TF (MicroSD) card is not listed in the standard delivery package, self-purchase if need, more detailed about TF (MicroSD) see paragraph 5.3.1

4. System

4.1 Overview of the available systems





4.2 Description of 23 systems



Note: auxiliary functions introduction!

The system diagrams showed in this manual are used for normal solar hot water system design, for individual application, some very useful auxiliary functions are available in this controller, it makes the controller more intelligent and user friendly.

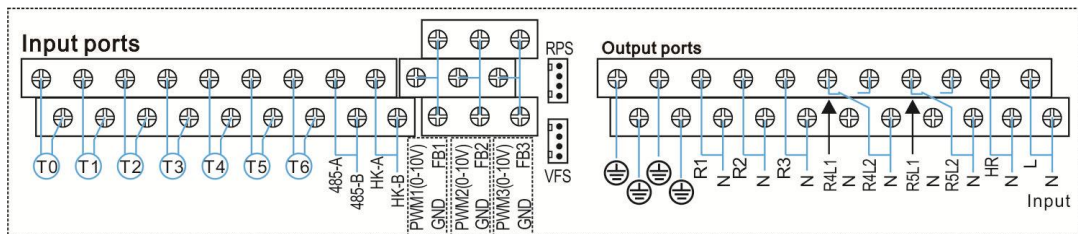
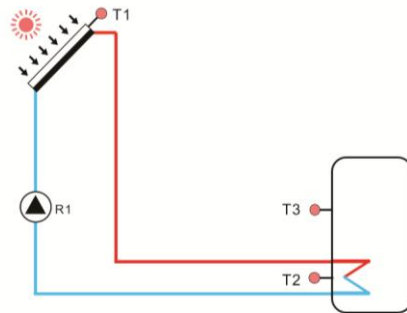
We provide these auxiliary functions “CIRC, OHDP, BYPR, TIMER, OPARR”, with every system diagram, there is a free definition sensor and rest output relay (it means free output in the selected system), customer can define this sensor and output according individual specified system, if the corresponding input or output is defined, it is no longer to be able to use as other function.

Auxiliary functions should be activated firstly under the relevant menu.

System 1: Standard solar system with 1 tank, 1 collector field

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1 and tank sensor T2. If the difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, the solar circulation pump (R1) will be switched on and the tank will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.



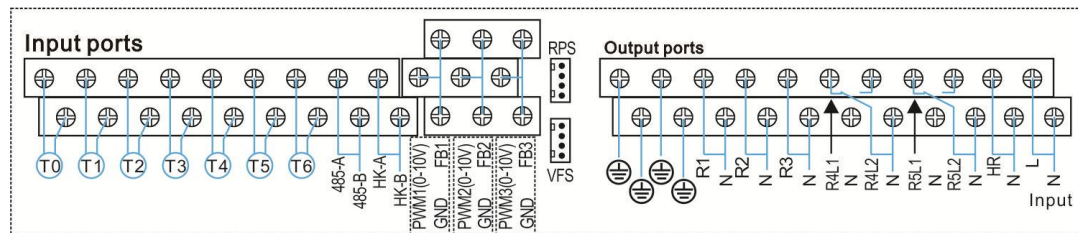
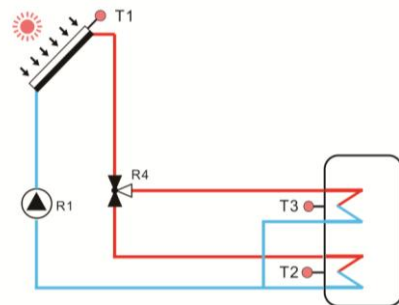
Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Selectable sensor, free	R1	Solar circulation pump
T1	Temperature of collector	R2	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T2	Temperature of tank base	R3	
T3	Temperature of tank upper (selectable)	R4	
T4	Selectable sensor, free	R5	
T5	Selectable sensor, free	R5	
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)	HR	Back-up heating

System 2: Solar system with 1 tank, 1 collector field, 3-ways valve for tank loading in layers

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1 and tank base and upper sensor T2, T3. If the difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, the solar circulation pump (R1) will be switched on, and simultaneously valve R4 turns to the corresponding tank zone and this zone will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

The priority logic effects prior loading of the upper zone of the tank

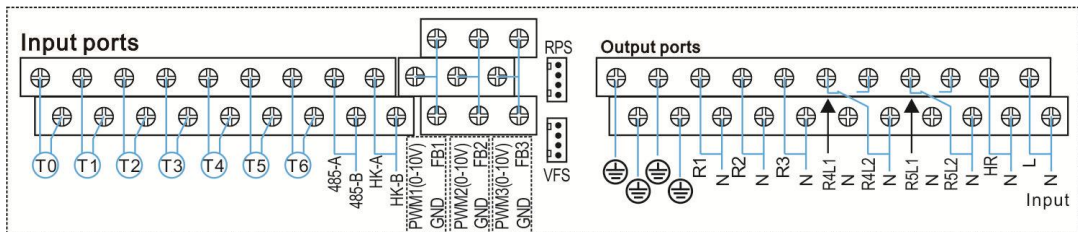
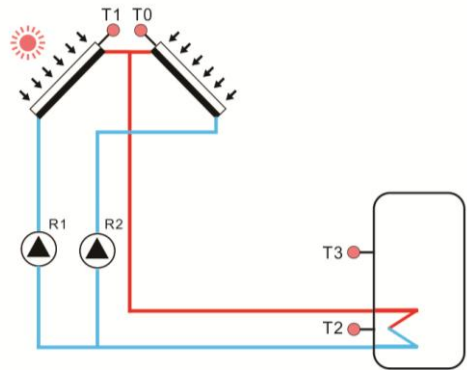


Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Selectable sensor, free	R1	Solar circulation pump
T1	Temperature of collector	R4	3-ways valve for loading in layers
T2	Temperature of tank base	R2	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T3	Temperature of tank upper	R3	
T4	Selectable sensor, free	R5	
T5	Selectable sensor, free	HR	
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

System 3: Solar system with 1 tank, east/west collector fields

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1, T0 and tank base sensor T2. If one of the differences is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then the corresponding solar circulation pump (R1 and /or R2) will be switched on, tank will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.



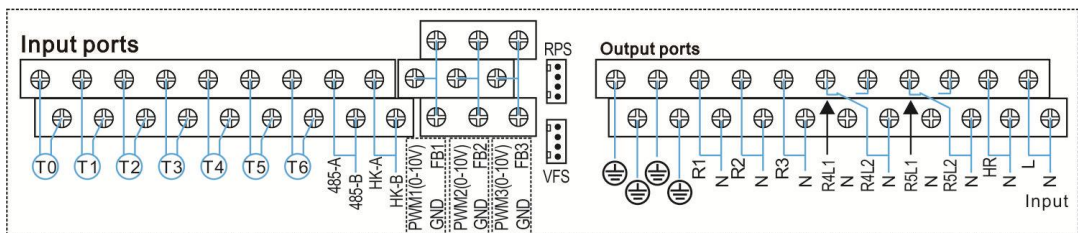
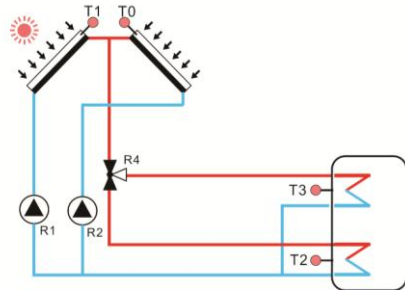
Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Temperature of collector 2	R1	Solar circulation pump 1
T1	Temperature of collector 1	R2	Solar circulation pump 2
T2	Temperature of tank base	R3	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T3	Temperature of tank upper (selectable)	R4	
T4	Selectable sensor, free	R5	
T5	Selectable sensor, free	HR	Back-up heating
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

System 4: Solar system with east/west collector fields, 3-ways valve for tank loading in layers

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1, T0 and tank base, upper sensor T2, T3. If any difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then the corresponding solar circulation pump (R1 and/or R2) will be switched on, and simultaneously valve R4 turns to the corresponding tank zone and this zone will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

The priority logic effects prior loading of the upper zone of the tank

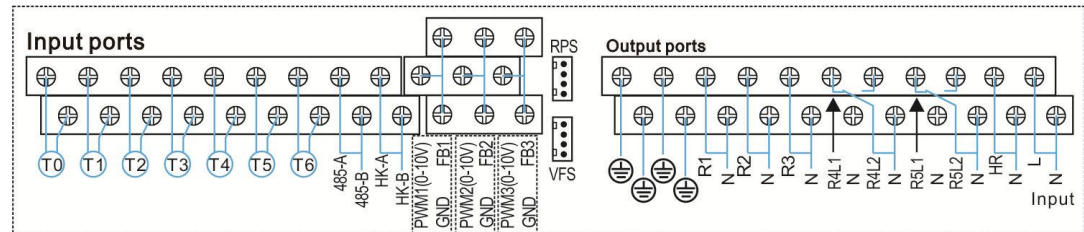
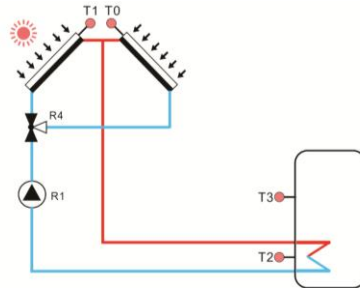


Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Temperature of collector 2	R1	Solar circulation pump 1
T1	Temperature of collector 1	R2	Solar circulation pump 2
T2	Temperature of tank base	R4	3-ways valve for loading in layers
T3	Temperature of tank upper	R3	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T4	Selectable sensor, free	R5	
T5	Selectable sensor, free	HR	Back-up heating
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

System 5: Solar system with east/west collector fields, 1 tank, valve-logic control

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1, T0 and tank base sensor T2. If any difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then solar circulation pump (R1) will be switched on, and simultaneously valve R4 turns to the corresponding collector and tank will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.



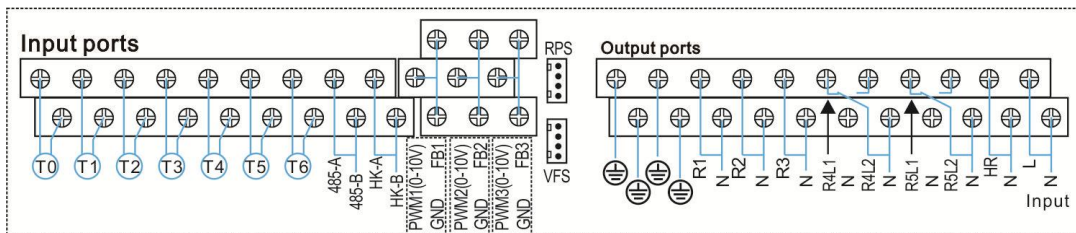
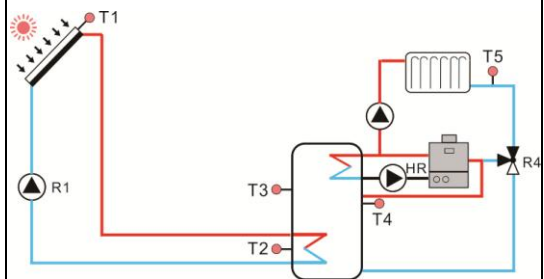
Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Temperature of collector 2	R1	Solar circulation pump
T1	Temperature of collector 1	R4	3-ways valve for collector switch
T2	Temperature of tank base	R2	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T3	Temperature of tank upper (selectable)	R3	
T4	Selectable sensor, free	R5	
T5	Selectable sensor, free	HR	
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

System 6: Solar system with 1 collector field, 1 tank, loading the heating return

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1 and tank base sensor T2. If the difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then solar circulation pump (R1) will be switched on, and tank will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

Another temperature difference between heat source T4 and heating return T5 can be used to control the 3-ways valve R4 to preheat the return water of heating system by the solar system.



Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Selectable sensor, free	R1	Solar circulation pump
T1	Temperature of collector	R4	3-ways valve for preheating the heating return water
T2	Temperature of tank base	R2	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T3	Temperature of tank upper (selectable)	R3	
T4	Temperature of tank upper for loading the heating return water	R5	
T5	Temperature of heating return pipe	HR	
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

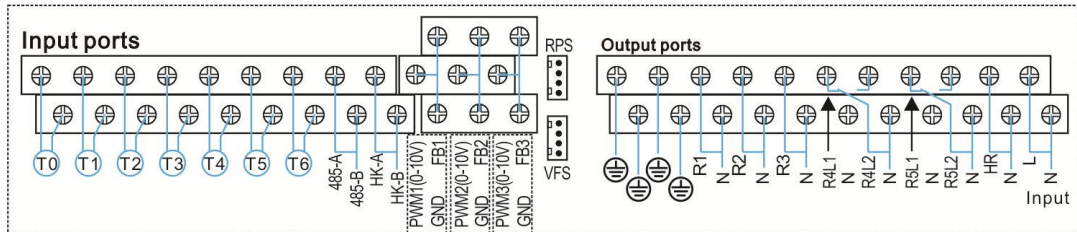
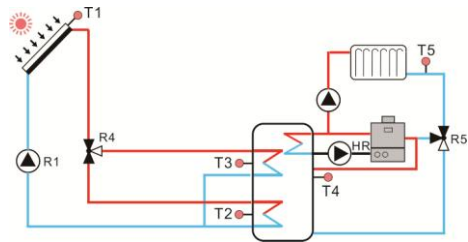
System 7: Solar system with 1 collector field, 1 tank, 3-ways valve loading tank in layers, loading the heating return

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1 and tank base and upper sensor T2, T3. If any difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then solar circulation pump (R1) will be switched on, and simultaneously valve R4 turns to the corresponding tank zone and this tank zone will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

The priority logic effects prior loading of the upper zone of the tank.

Another temperature difference between heat source T4 and heating return T5 can be used to control the 3-ways valve R5 to preheat the return water of heating system by the solar system.



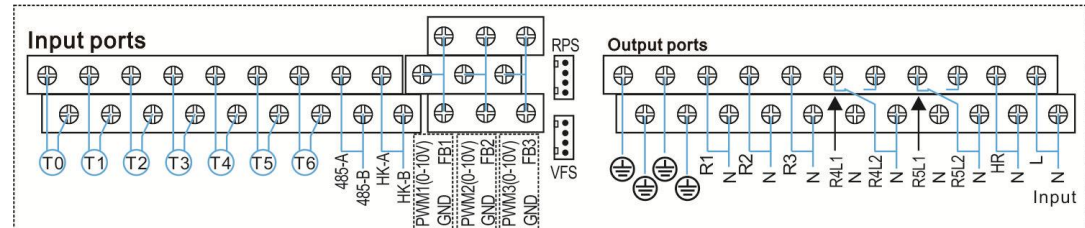
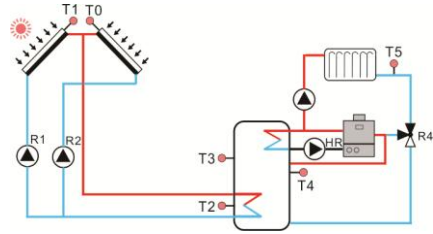
Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Selectable sensor, free	R1	Solar circulation pump
T1	Temperature of collector	R4	3-ways valve for loading tank in layers
T2	Temperature of tank base	R5	3-ways valve for preheating the return water
T3	Temperature of tank upper	R2	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T4	Temperature of tank upper for loading the heating return water (selectable)	R3	
T5	Temperature of heating return pipe	HR	
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

System 8: Solar system with east/west collector field, 1 tank, loading the heating return

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1, T0 and tank base sensor T2. If any difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then solar circulation pump (R1 and /or R2) will be switched on, and tank will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

Another temperature difference between heat source T4 and heating return T5 can be used to control the 3-ways valve R5 to preheat the return water of heating system by the solar system.



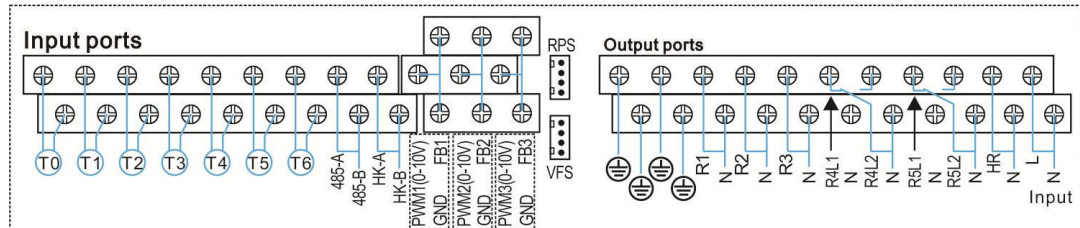
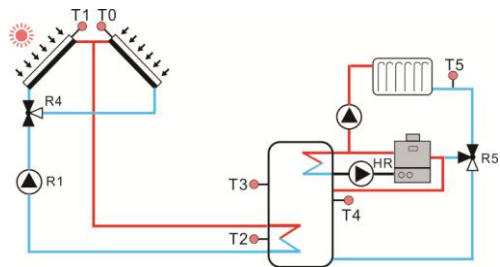
Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Temperature of collector 2	R1	Solar circulation pump 1
T1	Temperature of collector 1	R2	Solar circulation pump 2
T2	Temperature of tank base	R4	3-ways valve for preheating the return water
T3	Temperature of tank upper (selectable)	R3	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T4	Temperature of tank upper for loading the heating return water (selectable)	R5	
T5	Temperature of heating return pipe	HR	Back-up heating
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

System 9: Solar system with east/west collector fields, 1 tank, 3-ways valve switch collector, loading the heating return collector, loading the heating return

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1, T0 and tank base sensor T2. If any difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then solar circulation pump (R1) will be switched on, and simultaneously valve R4 turns to the corresponding collector and this tank will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

Another temperature difference between heat source T4 and heating return T5 can be used to control the 3-ways valve R5 to preheat the return water of heating system by the solar system.



Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Temperature of collector 2	R1	Solar circulation pump
T1	Temperature of collector 1	R4	3-ways valve for collector switch
T2	Temperature of tank base	R5	3-ways valve for preheating the return water
T3	Temperature of tank upper (selectable)	R2	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T4	Temperature of tank upper for loading the heating return water (selectable)	R3	
T5	Temperature of heating return pipe	HR	
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

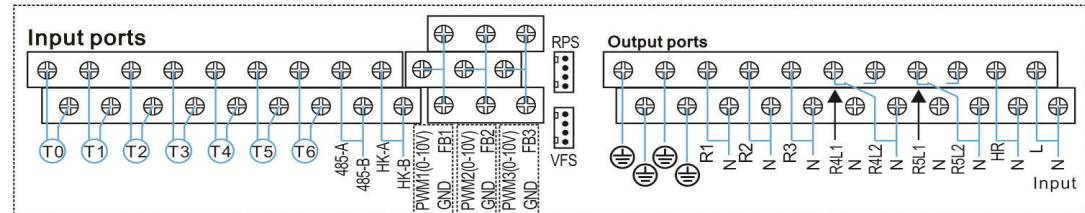
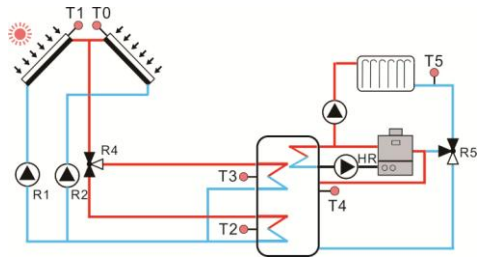
System 10: Solar system with east/west collector fields, 1 tank, 3-ways valve loading tank in layers, loading the heating return

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1, T0 and tank base/upper sensor T2, T3. If any difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then solar circulation pump (R1 and /or R2) will be switched on, and simultaneously valve R4 turns to the corresponding tank zone and this tank zone will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

The priority logic effects prior loading of the upper zone of the tank

Another temperature difference between heat source T4 and heating return T5 can be used to control the 3-ways valve R5 to preheat the return water of heating system by the solar system.



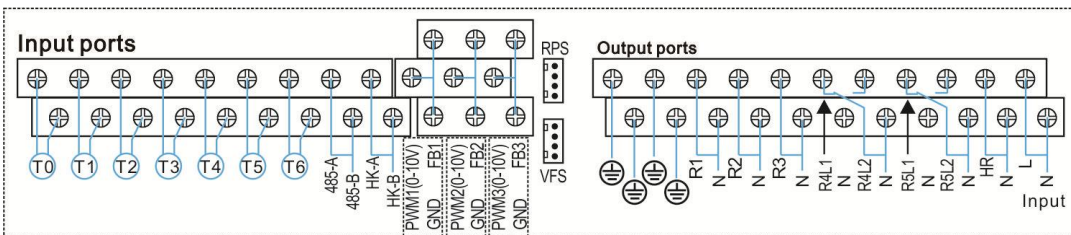
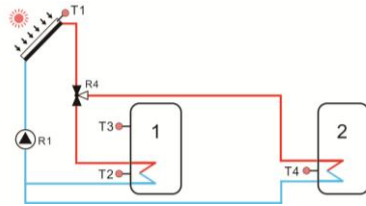
Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Temperature of collector 2	R1	Solar circulation pump 1
T1	Temperature of collector 1	R2	Solar circulation pump 2
T2	Temperature of tank base	R4	3-ways valve for loading tank in layers
T3	Temperature of tank upper (selectable)	R5	3-ways valve for preheating the return water
T4	Temperature of tank upper for loading the heating return water (selectable)	R3	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T5	Temperature of heating return pipe	HR	Back-up heating
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

System 11: Solar system with 1 collector field, 2 tanks, 3-ways valve switch loading tank

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1 and tank sensor T2, T4. If any difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then solar circulation pump (R1) will be switched on, and simultaneously valve R4 turns to the corresponding tank and this tank will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

The priority logic effects prior loading of the tank 1.



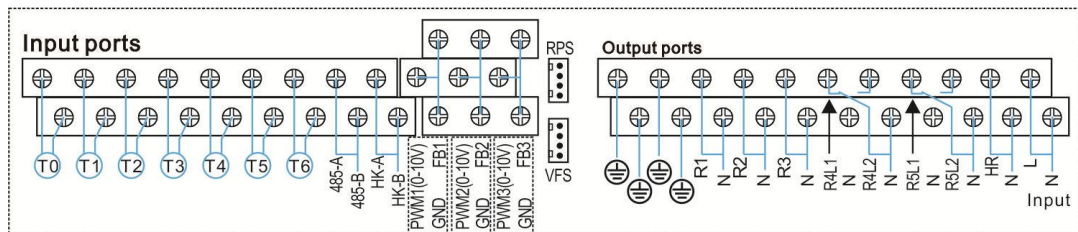
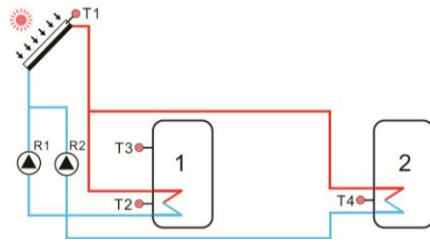
Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Selectable sensor, free	R1	Solar circulation pump
T1	Temperature of collector	R4	3-ways valve for loading tank switch
T2	Temperature of tank 1 base	R2	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T3	Temperature of tank 1 upper (selectable)	R3	
T4	Temperature of tank 2 base	R5	
T5	Selectable sensor, free	HR	
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

System 12: Solar system with 1 collector field, 2 tanks, Pump switch loading tank

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1 and tank sensor T2, T4. If any difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then the corresponding solar circulation pump (R1 and/ or R2) will be switched on, and corresponding tank will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

The priority logic effects prior loading of the tank 1.



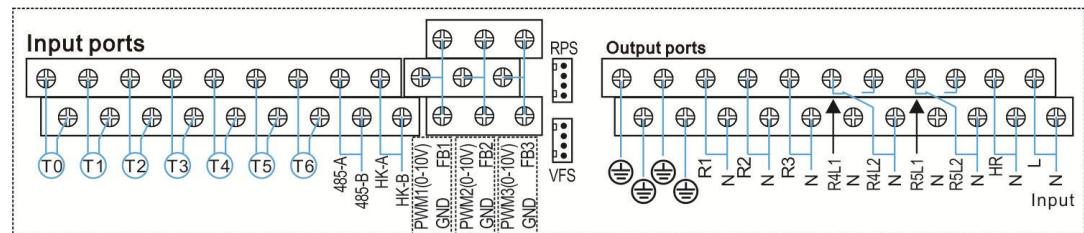
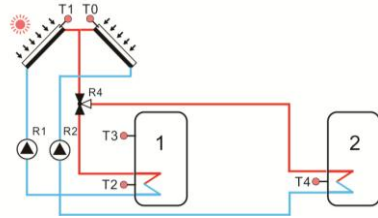
Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Selectable sensor, free	R1	Solar circulation pump 1
T1	Temperature of collector	R2	Solar circulation pump 2
T2	Temperature of tank 1 base	R3	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T3	Temperature of tank 1 upper (selectable)	R4	
T4	Temperature of tank 2 base	R5	
T5	Selectable sensor, free		
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)	HR	Back-up heating

System 13: Solar system with east/west collector fields, 2 tanks, 3-ways valve switch loading tank

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1, T0 and tank sensor T2, T4. If any difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then the corresponding solar circulation pump (R1 and/ or R2) will be switched on, and simultaneously valve R4 turns to the corresponding tank and corresponding tank will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

The priority logic effects prior loading of the tank 1.



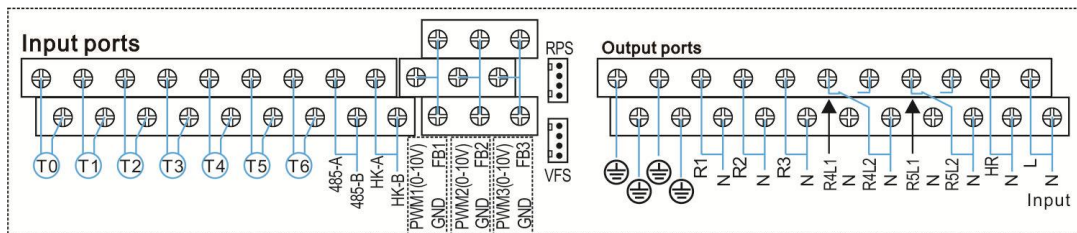
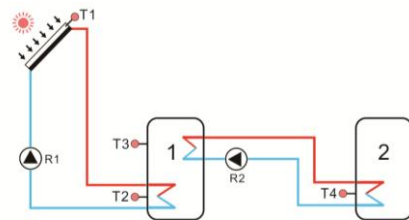
Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Temperature of collector 1	R1	Solar circulation pump 1
T1	Temperature of collector 2	R2	Solar circulation pump 2
T2	Temperature of tank 1 base	R4	3-ways valve for loading tank switch
T3	Temperature of tank 1 upper (selectable)	R3	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T4	Temperature of tank 2 base	R5	
T5	Selectable sensor, free	HR	Back-up heating
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

System 14: Solar system with 1 collector field, 2 tanks, thermal energy transferring between 2 tanks

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1 and tank sensor T2. If the difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then the corresponding solar circulation pump (R1) will be switched on, and the tank will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

Another temperature difference between heat source T3 of tank 1 and object tank T4 can be used to control the pump R2 to load the tank 2.



Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Selectable sensor, free	R1	Solar circulation pump 1
T1	Temperature of collector	R2	Pump 2 for heat transferring
T2	Temperature of tank 1 base	R3	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T3	Temperature of tank 1 upper (selectable)	R4	
T4	Temperature of tank 2 base	R5	
T5	Selectable sensor, free	HR	Back-up heating
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

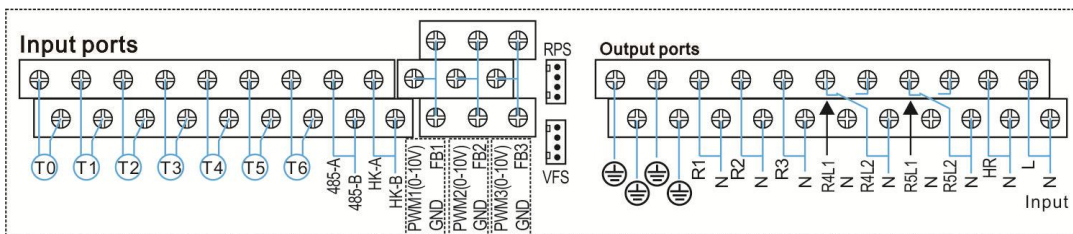
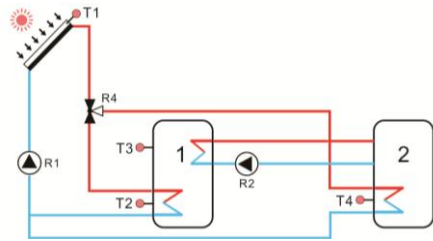
System 15: Solar system with 1 collector field, 2 tanks, valve switch loading tank, thermal energy transferring between 2 tanks

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1 and tank sensor T2 or T4. If the difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then the corresponding solar circulation pump (R1) will be switched on, and simultaneously valve R4 turns to the corresponding tank and the tank will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

The priority logic effects prior loading of the tank 1.

Another temperature difference between heat source T3 of tank 1 and object tank T4 can be used to control the pump R2 to load the tank 2.



Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Selectable sensor, free	R1	Solar circulation pump 1
T1	Temperature of collector	R2	Pump 2 for heat transferring
T2	Temperature of tank 1 base	R4	3-ways valve for loading tank switch
T3	Temperature of tank 1 upper (selectable)	R3	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T4	Temperature of tank 2 base	R5	
T5	Selectable sensor, free	HR	
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		Back-up heating

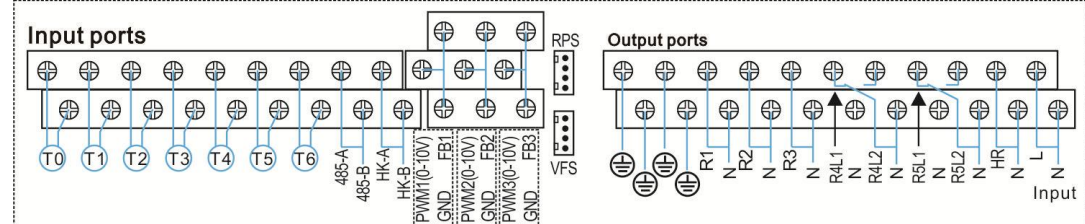
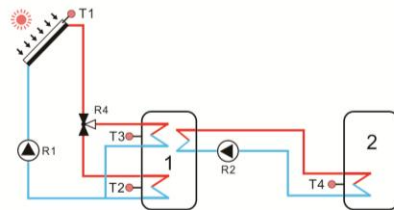
System 16: Solar system with 1 collector field, 1 tank, valve switch loading tank in layers, thermal energy transferring between 2 tanks

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1 and tank 1 sensor T2 or T3. If the difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then the corresponding solar circulation pump (R1) will be switched on, and simultaneously valve R4 turns to the corresponding tank zone and the tank zone will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

The priority logic effects prior loading of the tank upper zone.

Another temperature difference between heat source T3 of tank 1 and object tank T4 can be used to control the pump R2 to load the tank 2.



Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Selectable sensor, free	R1	Solar circulation pump 1
T1	Temperature of collector	R2	Pump 2 for heat transferring
T2	Temperature of tank 1 base	R4	3-ways valve for loading tank in layers
T3	Temperature of tank 1 upper	R3	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T4	Temperature of tank 2 base	R5	
T5	Selectable sensor, free	HR	Back-up heating
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

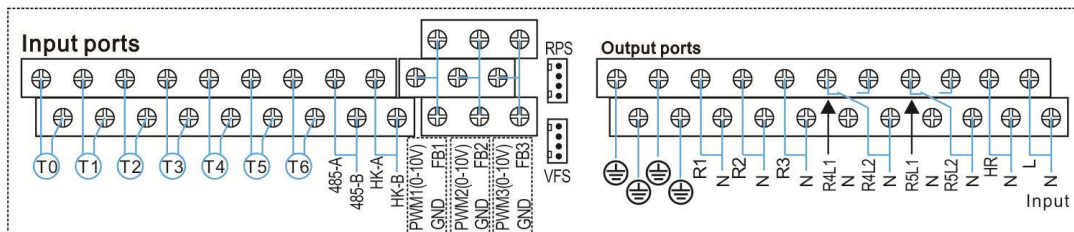
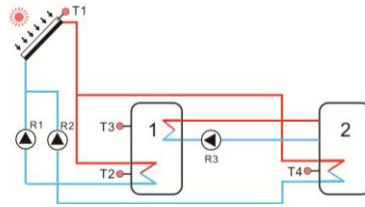
System 17: Solar system with 1 collector field, 2 tanks, pump switch loading tank, thermal energy transferring between 2 tanks

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1 and tank 1/2's sensor T2 or T4. If the difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then the corresponding solar circulation pump (R1 and /or R2) will be switched on, the corresponding tank will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

The priority logic effects prior loading of the tank 1.

Another temperature difference between heat source T3 of tank 1 and T4 of the object tank 2 can be used to control the pump R3 to load the tank 2.



Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Selectable sensor, free	R1	Solar circulation pump 1
T1	Temperature of collector	R2	Solar circulation pump 2
T2	Temperature of tank 1 base	R3	Pump for heat transferring
T3	Temperature of tank 1 upper	R4	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T4	Temperature of tank 2 base	R5	
T5	Selectable sensor, free	HR	Back-up heating
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

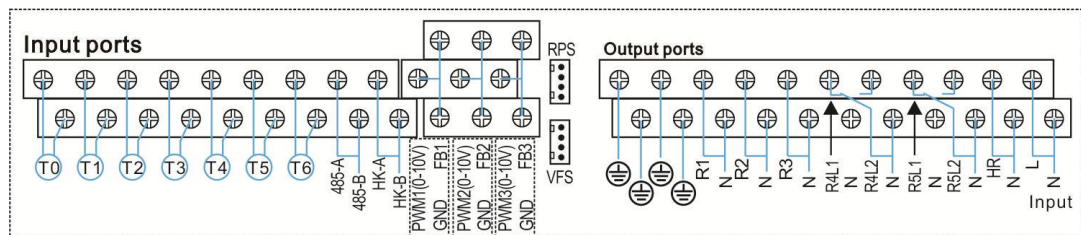
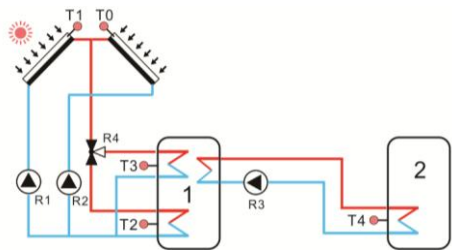
System 18: Solar system with east/west collector fields, 2 tanks, pump switch collector, valve switch loading in layers, energy transferring between 2 tanks

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1, T0 and sensor T2, T3 of tank 1. If any difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then the corresponding solar circulation pump (R1 and /or R2) will be switched on, and simultaneously valve R4 turns to the corresponding tank zone, the corresponding tank zone will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

The priority logic effects prior loading of the tank 1's upper zone.

Another temperature difference between heat source T3 of tank 1 and T4 of the object tank 2 can be used to control the pump R3 to load the tank 2.



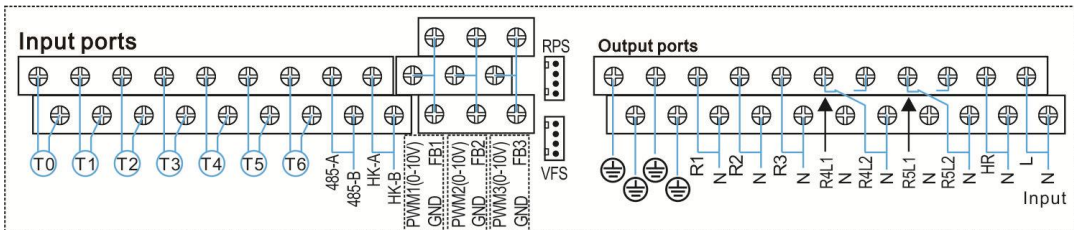
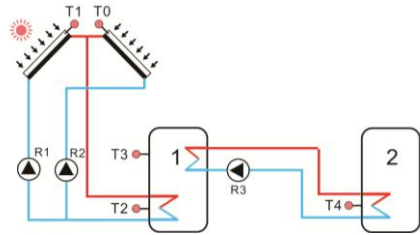
Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Temperature of collector 1	R1	Solar circulation pump 1
T1	Temperature of collector 2	R2	Solar circulation pump 2
T2	Temperature of tank 1 base	R3	Pump for heat transferring
T3	Temperature of tank 1 upper	R4	3-ways valve for loading tank in layers
T4	Temperature of tank 2 base	R5	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T5	Selectable sensor, free	HR	Back-up heating
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

System 19: Solar system with east/west collector fields, 2 tanks, thermal energy transferring between 2 tanks

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1, T0 and sensor T2 of tank 1. If any difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then the corresponding solar circulation pump (R1 and /or R2) will be switched on, the tank 1 will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

Another temperature difference between heat source T3 of tank 1 and T4 of the object tank 2 can be used to control the pump R3 to load the tank 2.



Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Temperature of collector 1	R1	Solar circulation pump 1
T1	Temperature of collector 2	R2	Solar circulation pump 2
T2	Temperature of tank 1 base	R3	Pump for heat transferring
T3	Temperature of tank 1 upper	R4	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T4	Temperature of tank 2 base	R5	
T5	Selectable sensor, free	HR	Back-up heating
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

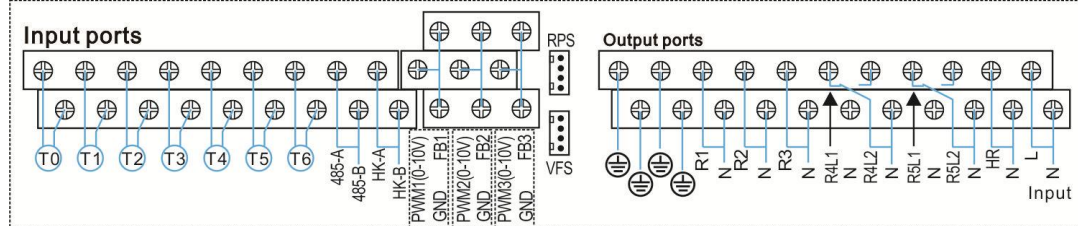
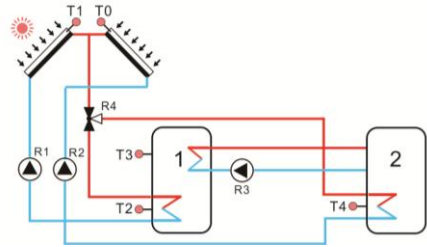
System 20: Solar system with east/west collector fields, 2 tanks, valve switch loading tank, thermal energy transferring between 2 tanks

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1, T0 and sensor T2 of tank 1, T4 of tank 2. If any difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then the corresponding solar circulation pump (R1 and /or R2) will be switched on, and simultaneously valve R4 turns to the corresponding tank, the tank will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

The priority logic effects prior loading of the tank 1.

Another temperature difference between heat source T3 of tank 1 and T4 of the object tank 2 can be used to control the pump R3 to load the tank 2.



Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Temperature of collector 1	R1	Solar circulation pump 1
T1	Temperature of collector 2	R2	Solar circulation pump 2
T2	Temperature of tank 1 base	R3	Pump for heat transferring
T3	Temperature of tank 1 upper	R4	3-ways valve for switch the tank
T4	Temperature of tank 2 base	R5	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T5	Selectable sensor, free	HR	Back-up heating
T6	Temperature for thermal energy measurement (selectable)		

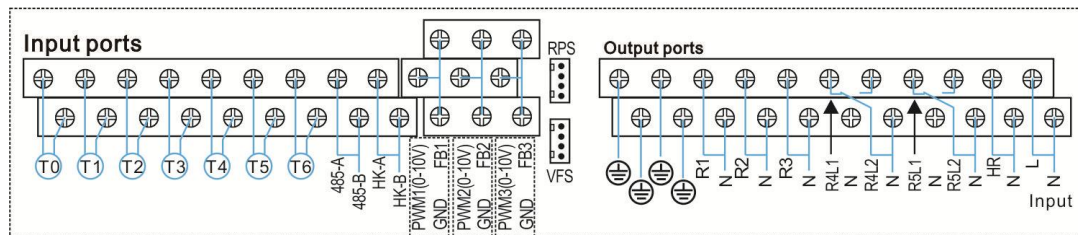
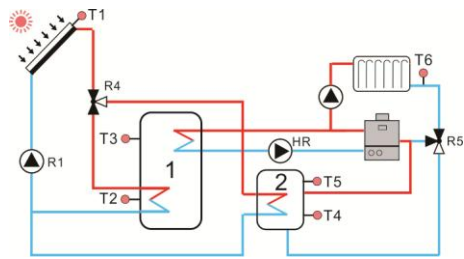
System 21: Solar system with 1 collector field, 2 tanks, valve switch loading tank, preheating return of heating system

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1 and sensor T2 of tank 1, T4 of tank 2. If any difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then the solar circulation pump (R1) will be switched on, and simultaneously valve R4 turns to the corresponding tank, the tank will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

The priority logic effects prior loading of the tank 1.

Another temperature difference between heat source T5 and heating return T6 can be used to control the 3-ways valve R5 to preheat the return water of heating system by the solar system.



Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Selectable sensor, free	R1	Solar circulation pump
T1	Temperature of collector	R4	3-ways valve for switch the tank
T2	Temperature of tank 1 base	R5	3-ways valve for preheating return
T3	Temperature of tank 1 upper (optional)	R2	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T4	Temperature of tank 2 base	R3	
T5	Temperature of tank 2 upper for preheating return	HR	
T6	Temperature for heating return pipe		

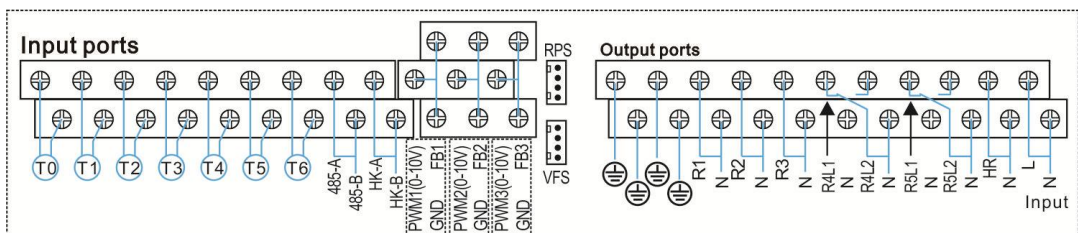
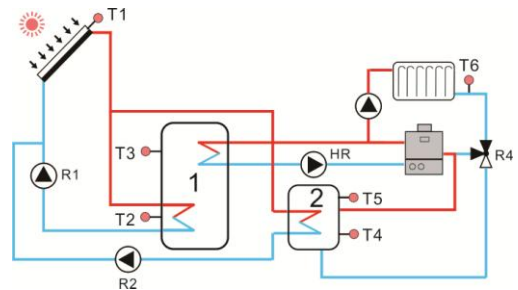
System 22: Solar system with 1 collector field, 2 tanks, pump switch loading tank, preheating return of heating system

Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1 and sensor T2 of tank 1, T4 of tank 2. If any difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then the corresponding solar circulation pump (R1 and /or R2) will be switched on, the corresponding tank will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

The priority logic effects prior loading of the tank 1.

Another temperature difference between heat source T5 and heating return T6 can be used to control the 3-ways valve R4 to preheat the return water of heating system by the solar system.



Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Selectable sensor, free	R1	Solar circulation pump 1
T1	Temperature of collector	R2	Solar circulation pump 2
T2	Temperature of tank 1 base	R4	3-ways valve for preheating return
T3	Temperature of tank 1 upper (optional)	R3	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T4	Temperature of tank 2 base	R5	
T5	Temperature of tank 2 upper for preheating return	HR	
T6	Temperature for heating return pipe		

System 23: Solar system with east/west collector fields, 2 tanks, valve switch loading tank, preheating return of heating system

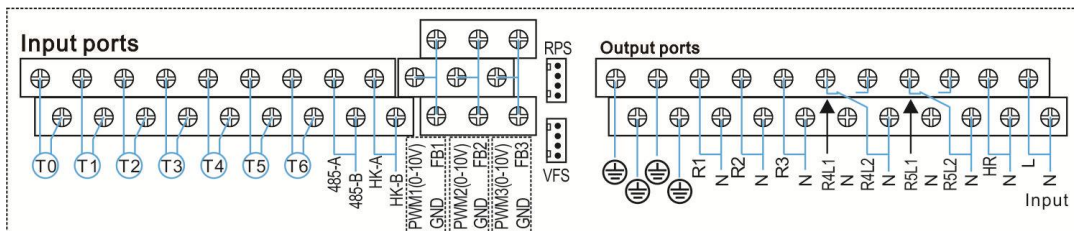
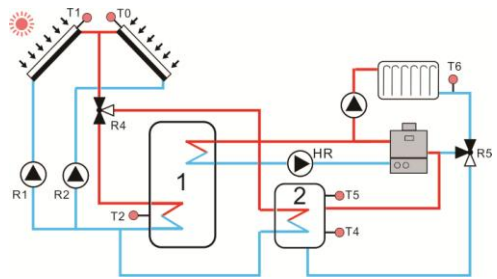
Description:

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor T1, T0 and sensor T2 of tank 1, T4 of tank 2. If any difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, then the corresponding solar circulation pump (R1 and /or R2) will be switched on, and simultaneously valve R4 turns to the corresponding tank, the corresponding tank will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum tank temperature is reached.

a

The priority logic effects prior loading of the tank 1.

Another temperature difference between heat source T5 and heating return T6 can be used to control the 3-ways valve R5 to preheat the return water of heating system by the solar system.



Sensor ports	Description	Relay outputs	Description
T0	Temperature of collector 1	R1	Solar circulation pump 1
T1	Temperature of collector 2	R2	Solar circulation pump 2
T2	Temperature of tank 1 base	R4	3-ways valve for switch the tank
T3	Temperature of tank 1 upper (optional)	R5	3-ways valve for preheating return
T4	Temperature of tank 2 base	R3	Available selectable functions: 1.CIRC (DHW circulation) 2.OHDP (Thermal transfer) 3.SFB (Solid fuel boiler) 4.BYPR (Circulation by-pass) 5.TIMER (Timer function) 6.OPARR (Parallel relay)
T5	Temperature of tank 2 upper for preheating return	HR	Back-up heating
T6	Temperature for heating return pipe		

4.3 Commissioning

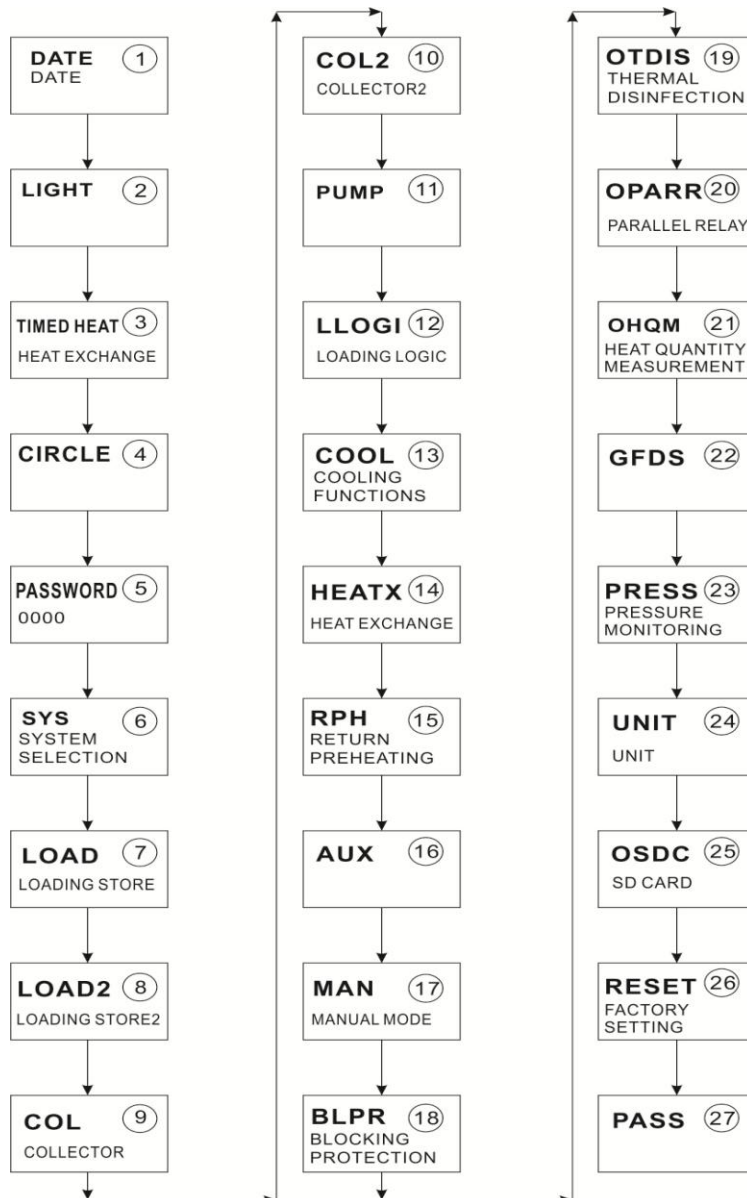


Before connecting the controller to the mains, ensure system is filled and ready for operation, please connecting all sensors to the input terminals, pumps or valves to the output terminals and fill the system.

After power is switch on, the controller runs an initialization phase for 5 seconds, then controller runs a commissioning menu, it leads the user through the most important adjustment channels needed for operating the system.

5. Functions and options

5.1 Overview of menu structure



5.2 Channel description of adjustable menu

Main Menu	Sub-Menu 1	Sub-Menu 2	Sub-Menu 3	Factory set	Adjustable range	Step per adjust	Description
① Date							Date
	ADST			OFF	ON/OFF		Summer time: ADST OF 11:00 ADST ON 12:00
	TIME						Hour / Minute
	DATE						Day / Month / Year
② Light							Display lightness
	Lightness			50%	5%-100%	10%	Lightness adjusting
③ Timed Heat							
	NOAUX						Without back-up heating
	Electric						Electrical heating
	Boiler						Boiler
		T _{sensor}		T3	T2.T3		Temperature sensor selection of heated water tank
		SMT-HT		OFF	ON/OFF		Smart heating mode
		tH1O		04:00 / 40℃	00:00-23:59 / 0.0-93℃	0.5℃	Switch – on time and temperature of the first heating section
		tH1F		05:00 / 50℃	00:00-23:59 / 0.0-95℃	0.5℃	Switch – off time and temperature of the first heating section
		tH2O		10:00 / 40℃	00:00-23:59 / 0.0-93℃	0.5℃	Switch – on time and temperature of the second heating section
		tH2F		10:00 / 45℃	00:00-23:59 / 0.0-95℃	0.5℃	Switch – off time and temperature of the second heating section
		tH3O		17:00 / 50℃	00:00-23:59 / 0.0-93℃	0.5℃	Switch – on time and temperature of the third heating section
		tH3F		22:00 / 55℃	00:00-23:59 / 0.0-95℃	0.5℃	Switch – off time and temperature of the third heating section

Main Menu	Sub-Menu 1	Sub-Menu 2	Sub-Menus 3	Factory set	Adjustable range	Step per adjust	Description
⑩	COL2						Collector 2
	CEM2			ON			Collector 2 emergency shutdown function on/off
		CEM2		130℃	80-200℃	1℃	Switch-off temperature of collector 2 emergency shutdown (hysteresis is 10℃)
				OFF			Collector 2 cooling function
	OCCO2			OFF			Switch-on temperature of collector cooling (hysteresis is 5℃)
		CMAx2		110℃	70-160℃	1℃	Switch-on temperature of collector 2 function on/off
		OCM2		OFF			Minimum temperature of collector 2 function on/off
		CMIN2		10℃	10-90℃	1℃	Minimum temperature of collector 2
		OCFR2		OFF			Anti-freeze function on/off
		CFRO2		4℃	-40-8℃	0.5℃	Switch-on temperature of anti-freeze function
		CFRF2		5℃	-39-9℃	0.5℃	Switch-off temperature of anti-freeze function
		OTCO2					Tube collector 2 function
		TCST2		07:00	00:00-23:00	30min	Start time of tube collector 2 function
		TCEN2		19:00	00:00-23:00	30min	End time of tube collector 2 function
⑪		TCRU2		30s	30-300s	5s	Running time of tube collector 2 function
		TCIN2		30min	5-60min	1min	Breaking time of tube collector 2 function
	PUMP						Pump control mode
		PUMP1(2,3)					Select pump control mode
		ONOF					Pump on/off (standard mode, without pump speed control)
		PULS	MIN1	30%	20-95%	5%	Pump Pulse control (through semiconductor relay to control pump)
			MAX1	100%	25-100%	5%	
		PSOL	MIN1	30%	20-95%	5%	PWM solar pump
			MAX1	100%	25-100%	5%	
		PHEA	MIN1	30%	20-95%	5%	PWM heating pump
			MAX1	100%	25-100%	5%	
		0-10V	MIN1	30%	20-95%	5%	0-10V signal control pump speed
			MAX1	100%	25-100%	5%	

[illegible]

Main Menu	Sub-Menu 1	Sub-Menu 2	Sub-Menu 3	Factory set	Adjustable range	Step per adjust	Description
⑬	COOL						Cooling function
	OSYC			OFF	ON/OFF		System cooling
	OSTC			OFF	ON/OFF		Tank cooling
				20K	1-30K	0.5K	Switch-on temperature difference of cooling
				DTCO			Switch-on temperature difference of cooling
				DTCF	15K	0.5K	Switch-on temperature difference of cooling
	OHPD			OFF	ON/OFF		Thermal energy transfer - by external radiator
				OTST	80℃	1℃	Temperature set for thermal energy transfer (hysteresis is 5℃)
				OTPUM	ON		Pump and valve control logic choose
					OTPUM ON= pump logic OTPUM OFF= valve logic		
⑭				HDSEN	Col		Selecting an object sensor for external heat exchanger –sensor of collector or tank (SMAXS)
				HDREL			Output terminal selection (terminal position maybe different due to different system)
	HEATX						Thermal energy transfer between tanks
	DTHXO			6K	1-50K	0.5K	Switch-on temperature difference for thermal energy transfer between tanks
	DTHXF			4K	0.5-49.5K	0.5K	Switch-off temperature difference for thermal energy transfer between tanks
	DTHXS			10K	1.5-50K	0.5K	Pump speed control – temperature difference between tanks
	RISHX			2K	1-20K	1K	Pump speed control –Rise range between tanks
	MXHXO			60℃	0.5-95℃	0.5℃	Maximum temperature of object tank
	MNHXO			60℃	0.5-89.5℃	0.5℃	Minimum temperature of heat source tank

Main Menu	Sub-Menu 1	Sub-Menu 2	Sub-Menu 3	Factory set	Adjustable range	Step per adjust	Description
15	RPH						Preheat heating return function
	Tank						Selection tank temperature sensor
	DTRPO			6K	1-50K	0.5K	Switch-on temperature difference
	DTRPF			4K	0.5-49.5K	0.5K	Switch-off temperature difference
	MNRPH			30℃	1.5-89.5℃	0.5℃	Tank temperature for start heating return function (hysteresis is 5℃)
16	*AUX						Auxiliary functions
	SFB			OFF	ON/OFF		Solid fuel boiler function
		T_Sen					Sensor for solid fuel boiler
		REL					Pump for solid fuel boiler
		DTSFO		6K	1-50K	0.5K	Switch-on temperature difference
		DTSFF		4K	0.5-49.5K	0.5K	Switch-off temperature difference
		DTSFS		10K	1.5-50K	0.5K	Pump speed control – by set temperature difference
		RISSF		2K	1-20K	1K	Pump speed control – by rise range
		MXSFS		60℃	0.5-95℃	0.5℃	Maximum switch-off temperature for tank
		MNSFO		60℃	0.5-89.5℃	0.5℃	Minimum switch-on temperature for solid fuel boiler
	BYPR			OFF	ON/OFF		Circuit bypass function
		T_Sen					Sensor for circuit bypass function
		REL					Pump (3-ways valve) for circuit bypass function
		TYPE		VALV	VALV / PUMP		Selection pump or valve control logic
	TIMER			OFF	ON/OFF		Timer function on/off
		REL					Select a relay with timer function
		t 1O		00:00	00:00-23:59		Switch-on time of the first time section
		t 1F		00:00	00:00-23:59		Switch-off time of the first time section
		t 2O		00:00	00:00-23:59		Switch-on time of the second time section
		t 2F		00:00	00:00-23:59		Switch-off time of the second time section
		t 3O		00:00	00:00-23:59		Switch-on time of the third time section

Main Menu	Sub-Menu 1	Sub-Menu 2	Sub-Menu 3	Factory set	Adjustable range	Step per adjust	Description
	AH	t 3F		00:00	00:00-23:59		Switch-off time of the third time section
	T_Sen			OFF	ON/OFF		Thermostat function on/off
	REL						Object sensor for thermostat function
	AHO			40℃	0.0-95℃	0.5℃	Relay allocation for thermostat function
	AHF			45℃	0.0-94.5℃	0.5℃	Switch-on temperature
	t 1O			00:00	00:00-23:59		Switch-off temperature
	t 1F			00:00	00:00-23:59		Switch-on time of the first time section
	t 2O			00:00	00:00-23:59		Switch-off time of the first time section
	t 2F			00:00	00:00-23:59		Switch-on time of the second time section
	t 3O			00:00	00:00-23:59		Switch-off time of the second time section
	t 3F			00:00	00:00-23:59		Switch-on time of the third time section
	BEEP			OFF	ON/OFF		Switch-off time of the third time section
							Beeper fault warning function (at case like sensor fault, system over pressure, system low pressure, no flow in system etc.)
①7	MAN						Manual mode
	R1			OFF	ON/OFF		R1 on/off
	R2			OFF	ON/OFF		R2 on/off
	R3			OFF	ON/OFF		R3 on/off
	R4			OFF	ON/OFF		R4 on/off
	R5			OFF	ON/OFF		R5 on/off
	HR			OFF	ON/OFF		HR on/off
①8	BLPR			OFF	ON/OFF		Blocking protection function
①9	OTDIS			OFF	ON/OFF		Thermal disinfection function on/off
	PDIS			7d	0-30d	1d	Monitoring period of thermal disinfection
	DDIS			10min	1-180	1min	Heating running period of thermal disinfection
	TDIS			70℃	0-90℃	1℃	Set the temperature of thermal disinfection
	SDIS			18:00	00:00-21:00	1:00	Start time for running the thermal disinfection

Main Menu	Sub-Menu 1	Sub-Menu 2	Sub-Menu 3	Factory set	Adjustable range	Step per adjust	Description
②0	*OPARR			OFF	ON/OFF		Parallel relay function on/off
	PARRE						Select the parallel relay
	INVER			OFF	OFF/ON		On/off of parallel relay
②1	OHQM			OFF	ON/OFF		Thermal energy measurement function on/off
	FTYPE						Flow meter type selection
		flowmeter		flowmeter			Fixed flow rate
		VFS					VFS type Grundfos flow rotor
	FMAX			6L/min	0.5-100L/min	0.1	Enter the flow rate
	MEDT			3	0-3		Heat transfer liquid type 0: Water 1: Propylene glycol 2: Ethylene glycol 3: Typhoo? LS / G-LS
②2							Concentration of the heat transfer fluid
	MED%			45%	20-70%	1%	
							Registration of Grundfos sensor
	VFS			OFF	OFF / ON		Grundfos flow rate sensor
		1-12					Adjustable range of Grundfos flow rate sensor (1-12 L/min)
		2-40					Adjustable range of Grundfos flow rate sensor (2-40 L/min)
	OFLOW			OFF	ON/OFF		Warning at case no flow
	DELAY			30s	1-600s	1s	Checking time when no flow
	RPS			OFF	OFF/0-10bar		Grundfos pressure sensor

	Main Menu	Sub-Menu 1	Sub-Menu 2	Sub-Men u 3	Factory set	Adjustable range	Step per adjust	Description
(23)	PRESS							Pressure monitoring
		COVPR			OFF	ON/OFF		Warning at system over pressure function on/off
			OVPRO		5.5bar	0.6-6bar	0.1bar	
			OVPRF		5.0bar	0.3- 5.7bar	0.1bar	
		OLEAK			OFF	ON/OFF		Warning at system low pressure function on/off
(24)			LEAKO		0.7bar	0.3-5.7bar	0.1bar	
			LEAKF		1bar	0.6-6bar	0.1bar	
	UNIT							
		TEMP			℃	℃/ ℉		C-F unit switch
(25)		BAR			bar	bar/psi		Pressure unit switch
		ENERG			Wh	Wh/BTU		Thermal energy unit switch
	OSDC							SD card
		SAVE			YES			
		LOAD			YES			
		LOGI			01:00	00-23:59		
		REMC			YES			
(26)		FORM			YES			
	RESET							Reset
		Rst Parameter						Recovery to factory default set
		C OHQM						Clear thermal energy value to 0
		C Pump_T						Clear pump running time to 0
(27)	PASS							Password set
		PWDC						Enter current password
		PWDN						Enter new password
		PWDG						Reenter the new password

5.3 Menu operation description

- Access main menu

- ▶press “SET” button to access main menu

- ▶Press “↑”, “↓” to select menu

- ▶Press “SET” button to enter the submenu

- Access submenu

- ▶Press “SET” button to access submenu

- ▶Press “SET” button to enter option interface, select “ON” to open this option, select “OFF” to close this option

- ▶Press “SET” button to enter the value adjust interface

- ▶Press “↑”, “↓” to adjust value

- ▶Press “SET” to confirm the value you set



Note: Enter the menu adjustment interface, if you don't press any button within 5 minutes, screen will exit the adjustment and turn to main interface.

5.4 Check value

At the normal operation mode, press “↑”, “↓” button, you can view the temperature of collector, and tank, pump speed, accumulated pump running time, current day thermal energy, accumulated thermal energy, flow, pressure, controller running time, software version. (Blue color means: normal value, red color means: faulty. grey color means: function is deactivated).

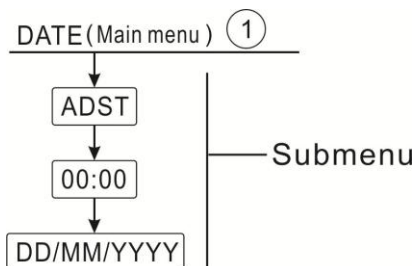


Note: enter the value check interface, if you don't press any button within 5 minutes, screen will exit the check interface and turn to main interface.

5.5 Menu function

①

Date (Time/ Date set)

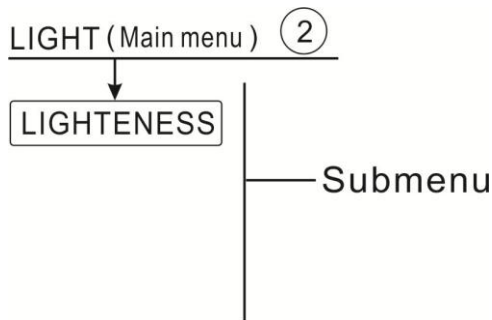


- ADST: Switch on/off the auto summer function
When you deactivate the “auto summer function”, controller still can run, “ADST” is only referring Europe 200/84/EG, only suitable for Europe union country.
- Time: Set clock and time; firstly adjust hour, then minute.
- Date: Set date, in sequence day, month, and year.



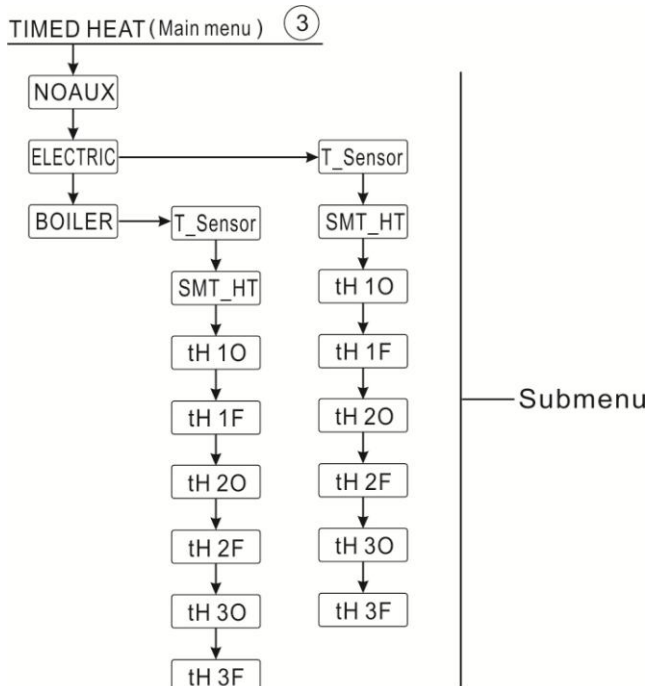
Note: In the case power to controller is switched-off, date and time will be remembered in controller for 36 hours.

② Light (Screen lightness adjustment)



- Adjust desired TFT screen lightness.

③ Timed Heat (Timing heating)



- NoAux : No back-up heat source
- Electric : Electrical heater as heating back-up
- Boiler: Boiler as heating back-up
- T_Sensor: Select sensor for timing heating function, default sensor is T3

Timing heating

Timing heating function is independent of solar system; it is used to control back-up heat source to heat tank.

Timing heating function is run at the preset time section, 3 time sections can be set, start time and close time can be set by press button, per press means 1 minute. If you set the start time and close time with a same value, which means within this time section, the timing heating function is switched-off. For example, if you want to run the back-up heating from 06:00 am to 09:00 am, then you set t1O is 06:00 am, set t1F is 09:00 am, default the first timing section is 06:00 am to 22:00 pm, if all time is set with 00:00 value, that means the timing heating function is switch-off.

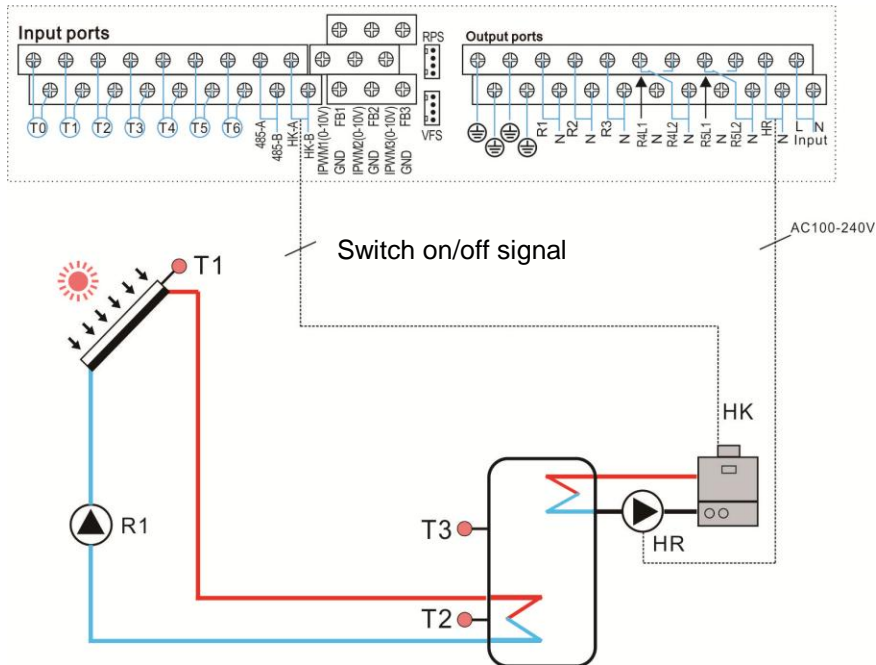
SMT_HT: Intelligent heating

At the case that solar energy is insufficient to heat the tank, in order to ensure user has sufficient hot water, controller will check the temperature of tank automatically at the preset time, if tank's temperature is not reached to the desired temperature, then back-up heat device will be triggered, and when tank's temperature rises up to the desired value, then back-up heat device stops.

Factory set:

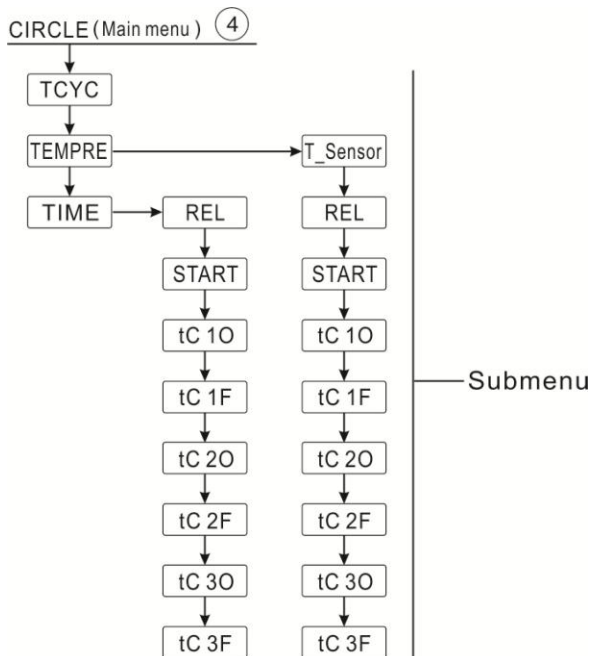
Default at 13:00 of the first time section to trigger the back-up heat device to heat tank to 30 °C, Default at 14:00 of the second time section to trigger the back-up heat device to heat tank to 35 °C, default at 15:00 of the third time section to trigger the back-up heat device to heat tank to 40 °C, default at 16:00 of the forth time section to trigger the back-up heat device to heat tank to 45 °C, default at 17:00 of the fifth time section to trigger the back-up heat device to heat tank to 50 °C.

Boiler connection diagram:



When boiler as back-up device is selected, then back-up heating (HK and HR) is controlled by tank's sensor T3, if the T3's value is lower than the switch-on temperature of back-up heating, the output relay HK and HR is switched on, when T3 is higher than the switch-off temperature of back-up heating, the output relay HK and HR is switch-off.

4 Circle (DHW circulation pump control function)



- **TEMPRE (temperature controlled DHW circulation within the preset 3 time sections)**

This controller provides an output for running DHW circulation pump, which can be controlled by a temperature, at this case, an extra circuit pump (connect to the output REL option) and an extra temperature sensor mounted on the hot water return pipe (connect to the input which set under T_sensor menu) should be installed in the system. When the temperature of DHW return is lower than the preset switch-on temperature, circuit pump is triggered, until temperature rises up to the switch-off temperature, pump is stopped.

- **START (precondition for triggering the DHW circuit pump) switch on/off**

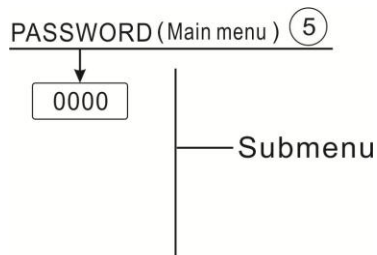
START ON: tank's temperature sensor (default T3) is 2°C higher than the preset switch-off temperature, and then DHW circuit pump is triggered.

- **TIME (Time controlled DHW circuit pump within 3 time sections)**

This controller can provides an output for running DHW circulation pump, which can also be controlled by time, at this case, only an extra circuit pump (connect to output REL) is needed. Pump is triggered by time, within a running time section, as default set, pump runs for 3 minutes and then ceases for 15 minutes, same process repeated within the running time section.

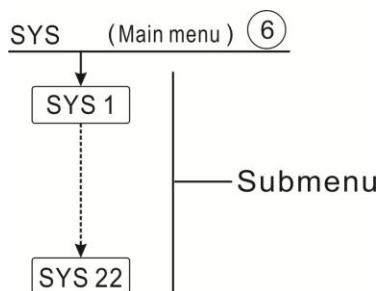
If it is needed to close one time section, just set the start time and stop time at a same value (e.g. 05:00 starts, 05:00 stops)

⑤ Password: 0000 (Password protection, default is 0000)

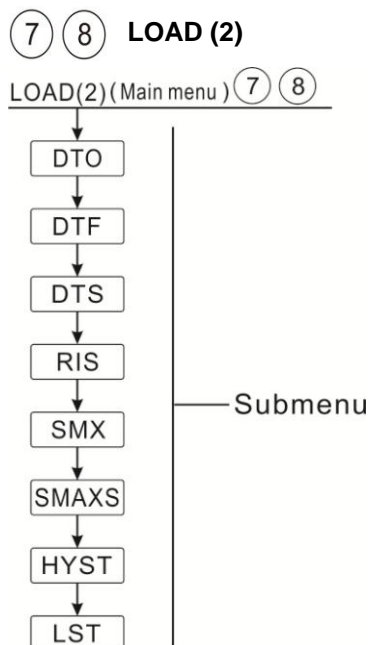


Through password set to limit the user to set some parameters, 4 digitals needed. Default is 0000.

⑥ SYS (System choose)



Each system has pre-programmed options and adjustments which can be activated or changed respectively if necessary. Select the system first (1-23 systems available)



● **DT Temperature difference**

The controller works as a standard differential controller. If the temperature reaches or exceeds the switch-on temperature difference, the pump switches on. When the temperature difference reaches or falls below the adjusted switch-off temperature difference, the respective relay switches off.



Note: The switch-on temperature difference must be 0.5 K higher than the switch-off temperature difference. The set temperature difference must be at least 0.5 K higher than the switch-on temperature difference.



Note: In systems with 2 tanks or tank loading in layers, 2 separate menus (LOAD and LOAD 2) will be displayed.

● **Speed control**

If the temperature reaches or exceeds the switch-on temperature difference, the pump switches on at 100% speed for 10s. Then, the speed is reduced to the minimum pump speed value.

If the temperature difference reaches the adjusted set temperature difference, the pump speed increases by one step (10%). The response of the controller can be adapted via the parameter RISE. If the difference increases by the adjustable rise value RIS, the pump speed increases by 10% until the maximum pump speed of 100% is reached. If the temperature difference decreases by the adjustable rise value, pump speed will be decreased by one step 10%.



Note: To enable speed control, the corresponding pump has to be set to (MIN, MAX) and relay control has to be set to (PULS, PSOL, PHEA or 0-10 V) (under adjustment menu PUMP).

- **SMX Maximum tank temperature protection set**

If the tank temperature reaches the adjusted maximum temperature, the tank will no longer be loaded in order to avoid damage caused by overheating. If the maximum tank temperature is exceeded, Max is displayed.

The sensor for tank maximum limitation (SMAXS) can be selected. The maximum limitation always refers to the sensor selected. The switch-on hysteresis (HYST) is selectable. Default is 2°C, for example, when tank maximum temperature is set to 70°C, then at 68 °C, Maximum tank temperature protection function is deactivated automatically.

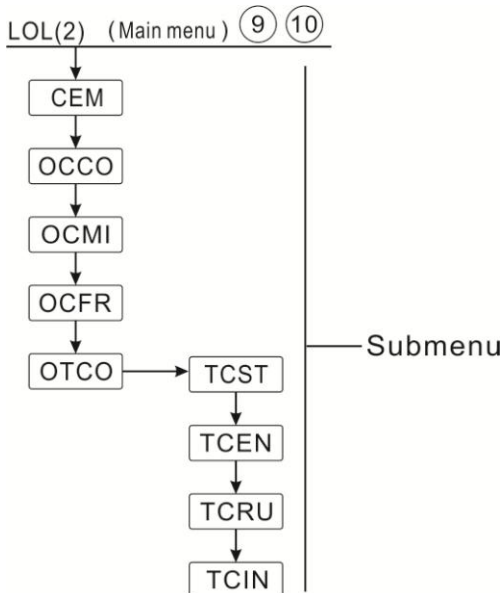


Note: In systems with 2 tanks or tanks loading in layers, 2 separate menus (**LOAD** and **LOAD 2**) will be displayed.

- **LST(2) Loading tank**

In systems with 2 tanks, the second tank can be switched off with the parameter **LST2**. If **LST2** is adjusted to **OFF**, the system runs like the 1-tank system. But the representation in the display remains 2 tanks.

9 10 LOL (2)



● CEM Collector emergency shutdown

When the collector temperature exceeds the adjusted collector emergency temperature, Then solar pump (R1 / R2) switches off in order to protect the system components against overheating (collector emergency shutdown). If the maximum collector temperature is exceeded, **Emerg** is displayed.



Note: In systems with east- / west collectors, 2 separate menus (**COL** and **COL 2**) will be displayed.

Warning! Risk of injury! Risk of system damage by pressure surge! If water is used as the heat transfer fluid in pressure systems, water will boil at 100 °C. Do not set the collector limit temperature higher than 95 °C.

● OCCO Collector cooling

The collector cooling function keeps the collector rise temperature within the operating range by heating the tank. If the tank temperature reaches 95 °C the function will switch off for safety reasons.

When the tank temperature exceeds the adjusted maximum tank temperature, then solar system switches off. If the collector temperature increases to its adjusted maximum collector temperature, the solar pump is switched on until the collector temperature falls below the maximum collector temperature. The tank temperature may then exceed its maximum

temperature, but only up to 95°C (emergency shutdown of the tank), and **Emerj** is displayed, system stops.

If the collector cooling is active, **Cooling** is displayed.

This function is only available if the system cooling function and the heat transfer function are not activated.

In systems with east- / west collectors two separate menus (**COL** and **COL 2**) will be displayed.

- **OCMI Collector minimum temperature**

The minimum collector temperature is the minimum switch-on temperature which must be exceeded for the solar pump (R1 / R2) to be switched on. If the collector temperature falls below the adjusted minimum temperature, **Min** is displayed.



Note: In systems with east- / west collectors two separate menus (**COL** and **COL 2**) will be displayed.

- **OCFR Collector antifreeze function**

Collector antifreeze function activates the loading circuit between the collector and the tank when the collector temperature falls below the adjusted temperature **CFR O**. This will protect the fluid against freezing or coagulating. If **CFR F** is exceeded, the solar pump will be switched off again.

If collector antifreeze function is activated, **Antifreeze** is displayed.



Note: In systems with east- / west collectors 2 separate menus (**COL** and **COL 2**) will be displayed.



Note: Since this function uses the limited heat quantity of the tank, the antifreeze function should be used only in regions with few days of temperatures around the freezing point.

● OTCO Tube collector function

This function is used for improving the switch-on behavior in systems with non-ideal sensor positions (e. g. with some tube collectors).

This function operates within an adjusted time section. It activates the collector circuit pump for an adjustable runtime between adjustable pauses in order to compensate for the delayed temperature measurement.

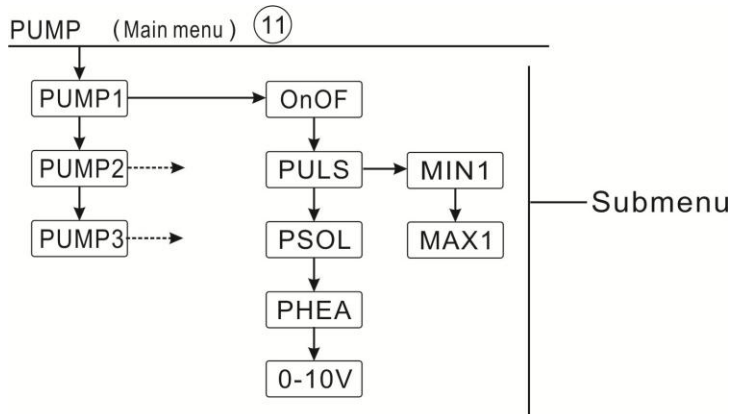
If the runtime is set to more than 10s, the pump will be run at 100% for the first 10s of the runtime. For the remaining runtime, the pump will be run at the adjusted minimum speed.

If the collector sensor is defective or the collector is blocked, this function is suppressed or switched off.

In 2-collector fields systems, the tube collector function is available for each individual collector field.

In 2-collector fields systems, the tube collector function will affect the inactive collector field only. The solar pump of the active collector field will remain switched on until the switch-off conditions are fulfilled.

11 PNMP Pump control



With this parameter, the relay control type can be adjusted. The following types can be selected:


- Adjustment for standard pump without speed control: On/OFF : Pump on / pump off

- Adjustment for standard pump with speed control: PULS : Burst control via semiconductor relay
- Adjustment for high-efficiency pump (HE pump)
 - PSOL: PWM profile solar pump
 - PHEA: PWM profile heating pump
 - 0-10: Speed control via 0 - 10 V signal

Note: more information about connection of high efficiency pump see [page 9](#).


- **Minimum pump speed**

Under the adjustment menu MIN (2, 3), a relative minimum speed for connected pumps can be allocated to the outputs R1, R2 and R3.

 Note: When the devices which are not speed-controlled are used (e. g. valves), the pump speed value of the corresponding relay must be set to 100 % or the control type must be set to ON/OFF in order to deactivate pump speed control.

- **Maximum pump speed**

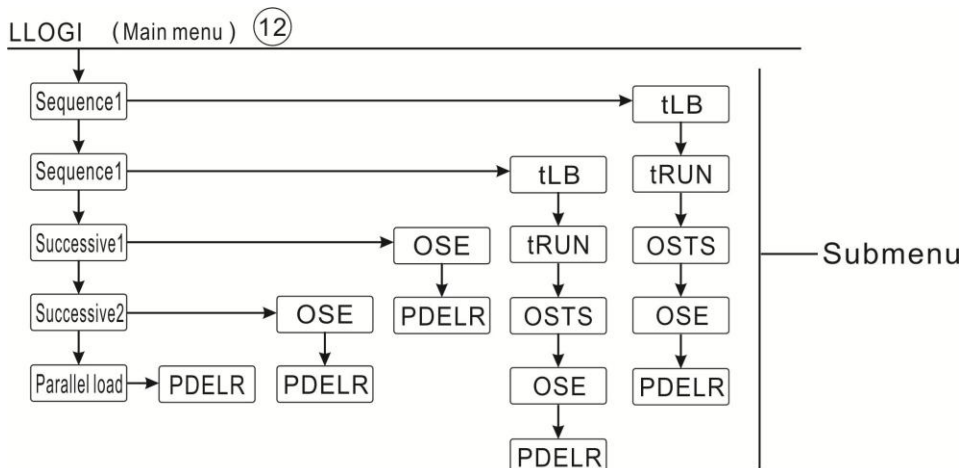
Under the adjustment menu Max (2, 3), a relative maximum speed for connected pumps can be allocated to the outputs R1, R2 and R3.

 **Note:** When the devices which are not speed-controlled are used (e. g. valves), the pump speed value of the corresponding relay must be set to 100 % or the control type must be set to ON/OFF in order to deactivate pump speed control.

- **PWM Relay allocation for PWM outputs**

Under PWMA (B) menu, a relay can be allocated to a PWM output of the **PWMA** and **PWMB**.

12 LLOGI Priority Logic



- **Priority logic**

Priority logic can be used in 2-tanks systems or systems with tank loading in layers only; it determines how the heat is divided between the tanks. Several different priority logic types can be selected:

- Tanks loading sequence (sequence 1 and sequence 2)
- Successive loading (successive 1 and successive 2)
- Parallel loading

- **Tanks heated sequence**

If the priority tank is not loaded because its switch-on condition is not reached, then the subordinate tank is checked whether its switch-on condition is reached, if yes, then it is loaded within a circulation runtime (tRun). After this, its loading process is stopped and the controller monitors the increase in collector temperature during the loading break time, if the collector temperature increases by 2K, then break time timer starts again to ensure collector to receive more solar energy, if within the break time, collector temperature is not increased sufficiently, then the subordinate tank will be loaded again for the circulation runtime.

As soon as the priority tank meets its switch-on condition, controller triggers to heat it immediately, if the priority tank's switch-on condition is still not reached, controller heats the subordinate tank continuously. If the priority tank reaches to its preset temperature, and then tank heated sequence function will not be carried out.

In systems with 2 tanks or tank loading in layers, all tanks or zones will be heated to its preset temperature firstly (according to the priority and sequence control logic). Only when all tanks or zones have exceeded its preset temperature, they just can be heated to their maximum temperature continuously, and it is also heated according to the priority and sequence control logic.

If the tank sequence heating function is activated and system is switched to heat the priority tank, then parameter "heating break time" can also act as stabilization time, during which the switch - off temperature difference will be ignored while the system operation stabilizes.

- **OSTS Tank set option**

If the set priority tank reaches its set temperature, then subordinate tank will be heated until to its set temperature. After this, priority tank can be loaded to its maximum temperature, and

then system is switched to load the subordinate tank. This function is suitable for 2 tanks' system.

- **OSE Spread loading option**

In systems with 2 pumps, a spread loading function OSE can be activated, as soon as the adjustable spread temperature difference **DTSE** between the collector and the priority tank is reached, the second tank will be loaded in parallel unless it is blocked. If the spread temperature difference falls below **DTSE**, the pump is switched off. The collector temperature has to be higher than the tank temperature.

- **PDELR Pump delay running**

Considering the trigger-on time of the electromagnetic valve this function delays the start of the pump, if this function is activated, corresponding valve relay is triggered firstly, and pump is delayed to start in 20 seconds.

- **Successive loading (Successive 1 and Successive 2)**

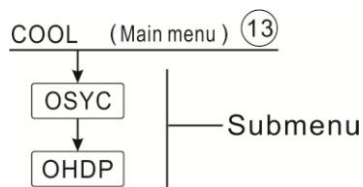
Successive loading means that the priority tank will be loaded up to its maximum temperature. If it is reached, the second tank just will be loaded. If the temperature of the first tank falls below the tank set temperature, the second tank will no longer be loaded, regardless of whether the switch-on conditions of the priority tank or of the subordinate tank are fulfilled or not.

If both tanks have been loaded to their set temperature, the same process described above will take place until the tanks have reached their maximum temperature.

- **Parallel loading option**

In 2 tanks systems with 2 pumps, if a parallel loading function is set, then 2 tanks can be loaded simultaneously; in systems with 3-ways valves, tank which temperature is lower is loaded firstly until its temperature is 5K higher than the others. Then the other tank can be loaded. 2 tanks are loaded alternately by 5K temperature difference.

⑬ **COOL cooling function**



Different cooling functions can be activated: system cooling, tank cooling and external radiator heat transfer.

- **OSYC System cooling**

The system cooling function aims to keep the solar system operational for a longer time. The function overrides the maximum tank temperature to provide thermal relief of the collector field and the heat transfer fluid on hot days. If the tank temperature is higher than the adjusted maximum tank temperature and the switch-on temperature difference **DTCO** is reached, the solar pump remains switched on or will be switched on. Solar loading is continued until either the temperature difference falls below the adjusted value **DTCF** or the collector emergency shutdown temperature **CEM** is reached.



Note: This function will only be available when the collector cooling function, external radiator heat transfer functions are not activated.

- **OSTC Tank cooling**

When the tank cooling function is activated, the controller aims to cool down the tank during the night in order to prepare it for solar loading on the following day. If the adjusted maximum tank temperature **SMAX1**, **SMAX2** is exceeded and the collector temperature falls below the tank temperature and down to the switch on temperature difference **DTCO** of this cooling function, then system will be activated in order to cool down the tank by releasing the energy through the collector.



Note: if tank temperature reaches to 95 °C, all cooling functions will be locked. Hysteresis switch on temperature difference is 5K.

- **OHDP external radiator heat transfer**

External radiator heat transfer function can be used to direct excess heat generated by strong solar irradiation to an external heat exchanger (e. g. fan coil) in order to keep the collector temperature within the operating range.

For this function, an extra output should be added.

External radiator heat transfer function can either control an additional pump or valve (**OTPUM ON** = pump logic, **OTPUM OFF** = valve logic).

Heat transfer by variant pump:

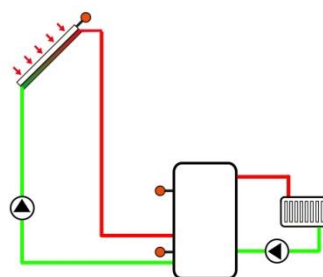
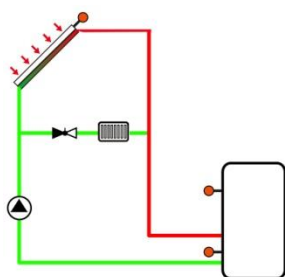
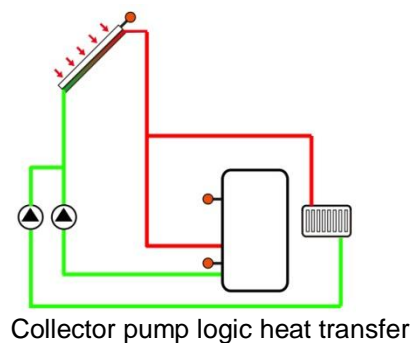
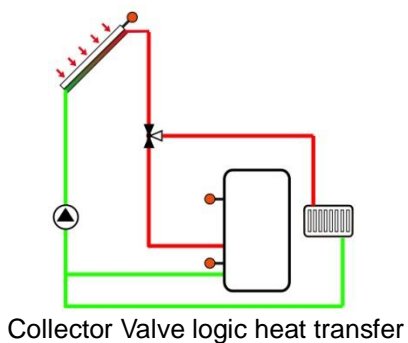
If the collector temperature or tank temperature reaches the adjusted switch-on temperature, the allocated relay for pump is energized with 100 %; if the collector temperature falls by 5 K below the adjusted collector over-temperature, the relay will be switched off. In the variant pump, the heat transfer function works independent from solar loading.

Heat transfer by variant valve:


If the collector temperature reaches the adjusted collector over-temperature, the allocated relay will be energized 100% in parallel to the solar pump. If the collector temperature falls by 5K below the adjusted collector over-temperature, the relay will be switched off.

Heat transfer function can be used to release excess heat either from collector or from tank, (HDSEN Col= transfer collector's excess heat, HDSEN Load= transfer the excess heat from tank)

Below is the example of this application for reference.



Icon  displays on the screen, it means heat transfer function is activated.

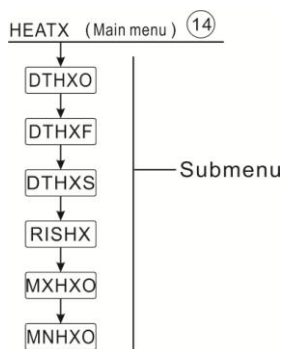
Icon  displays on the screen, it means heat transfer function is in operation.



Note: The adjustable collector over-temperature value **OTST** is blocked against the collector emergency temperature **CEM** by 10 K. This function will only be available when the collector cooling function and the system cooling function are deactivated.

Depending on the selected system, heat transfer function can be triggered only when the output is available.

14 HEATX (Heat exchange between tanks)



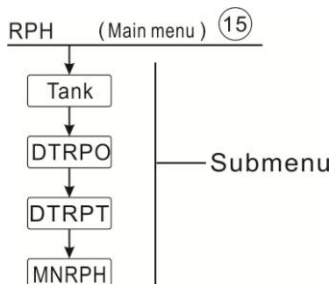
The heat exchange function can be used for transferring heat from a heat source to a heat sink.

The relay (system-dependent) is energized when all switch-on conditions are fulfilled:

- The temperature difference between the sensors heat source and heat sink has exceeded the switch-on temperature difference.
- The temperature at the heat source sensor has exceeded its minimum temperature
- The temperature at the heat sink sensor has fallen below its maximum temperature

When the set temperature difference is exceeded, pump speed control starts. For every decrease or increase by the rise value, the pump speed will be adjusted by 10%.

15 RPH (Return preheating)



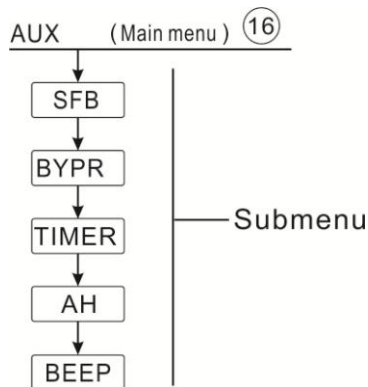
The return preheating function can be used for transferring heat from a heat source to the heating circuit return.

The relay (system-dependent) is energized when both switch-on conditions are fulfilled:

- The temperature difference between the sensors of tank and sensor of the heating circuit return has exceeded the switch-on temperature difference.
- The temperature at the heating circuit return has exceeded its minimum temperature.

The switch-on hysteresis is -5 K.

16 AUX (Auxiliary function)



Auxiliary functions can be set under "Aux" menu; controller can activate several auxiliary functions simultaneously.



Note: sometimes, the selected auxiliary function needs an input to connect an extra sensor input and an output to connect a pump or electromagnetic valve. When there is no free input or output, this auxiliary function can't be triggered. And at such case, under the submenu, the auxiliary functions are already deactivated.

Depend on the selected system; following functions may not be triggered.

● SFB solid fuel boiler function

The solid fuel boiler function can be used for transferring heat from a solid fuel boiler to a tank.

The relay (system-dependent) is energized when all switch-on conditions are fulfilled:

- The temperature difference between the sensors heat source and heat sink has exceeded the switch-on temperature difference.
- The temperature at the solid fuel boiler sensor has exceeded its minimum temperature
- The temperature at the tank sensor has fallen below its maximum temperature

When the preset temperature difference is exceeded, pump speed control starts. For every

increase or decrease by the rise value, the pump speed will be adjusted by 10 %.

The switch-on hysteresis is -5 K.

● BYPR Solar circulation bypass function


In some cases, it is good application to combine a temperature controlled bypass circuit into the solar circuit. In the time that tank is not loaded by solar energy, this bypass circuit can avoid water from tank flows through the solar circuit (which may lead to reduce the tank's temperature). This function can also be used to prevent freezing of flat plate exchanger, for this purpose, a sensor input and output are needed to install in the system.


For example: in the morning, solar pump doesn't run, collector is heating by solar, but there is some cold solar liquid in the circulation pipe, in order to prevent this cold solar liquid flows into the tank or heat exchanger, 3-ways valve will not be switched to the tank, until the temperature difference between the inlet pipe of tank Tx and tank temperature T2 or T3 of flat plate heat exchanger exceeds the preset switch-on temperature difference, valve just is switched to the tank to transfer the heat from collector to tank.

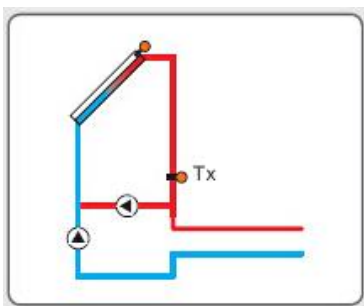
Bypass circuit function needs an extra pump or valve (TYPE VALV= valve logic, TYPE PUMP= pump logic).

Switch-on conditions:

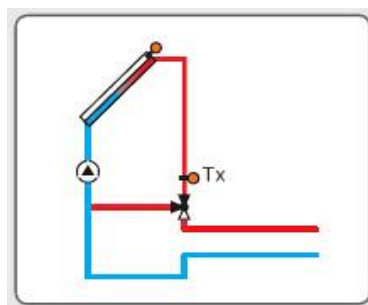
- Collector and tank meets the switch-on temperature difference ($\Delta T1$)
- When bypass temperature Tx is higher than (tank temperature + $\Delta T + 2^\circ\text{C}$), 3-ways valve will be switched to heat the tank.
- When bypass temperature Tx is lower than (tank temperature + ΔT), 3-ways valve will be switched to heat the bypass pipe.

Icon  displays on the screen, it means bypass function is activated.

Icon  displays on the screen, it means bypass function is in operation.



Pump logic




Valve logic

● TIMER (Timer function)

Timer function can trigger controller's output port at the preset time; therefore, an available output is needed.

Icon  displays on the screen, it means the timer function is activated.


Icon  displays on the screen, it means timer function is in operation.


● AH After heating / Thermostat function

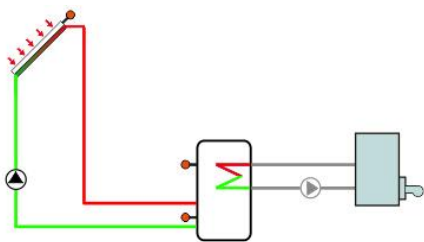
The thermostat function works independently from the solar operation and can e. g. be used for using surplus energy or for after heating. (Every day 3 heating time sections can be set)

Note: AH O < AH F: thermostat function used for after heating

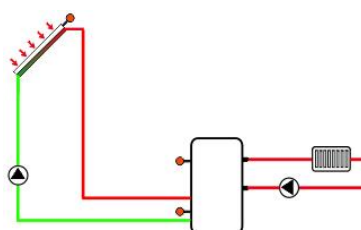
AH O > AH F: Thermostat function used for releasing surplus energy from tank.

Icon  displays on the screen, it means thermostat function is activated.

Icon  displays on the screen, it means thermostat function is in operation.



After heating

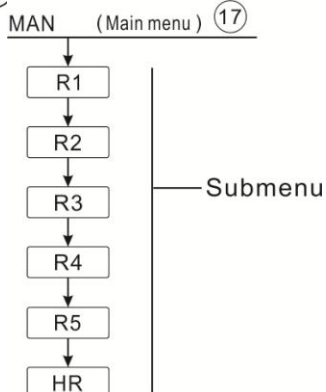


Surplus energy releasing

● BEEP Beeper fault warning

When system has fault (temperature sensor fault, system over pressure, system low pressure, no flow), beep will send warning.

⑪ MAN (Manual mode)

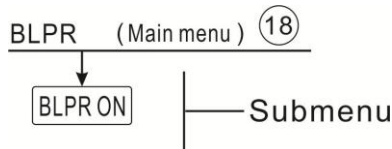


For control and service work, the operating mode of the relays can be manually adjusted. For this purpose, select the adjustment menu MAN (for R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, HR) to set manual output "On/OFF".



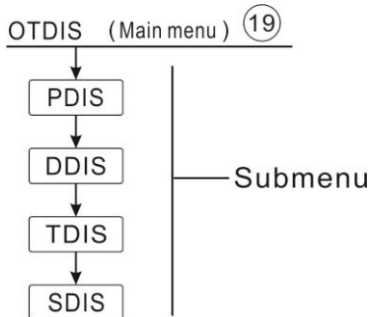
Note: Manual modes is activated, Man displays on the screen, controller runs for 15 minutes and then switch-off all output, control exits manual mode automatically.

18 BLPR (Blocking protection)



In order to protect the pumps against blocking after standstill, the controller is equipped with a blocking protection function. This function switches on the relays one after another every day at 12:00 a.m. for 10 s at 100 % speed.

19 OTDIS (Thermal disinfection)



● Thermal disinfection

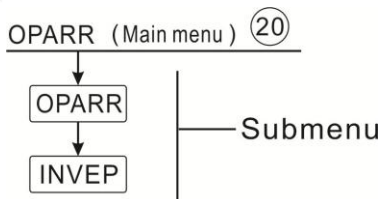
This function helps to prevent the spread of Legionella in DHW tanks by systematically activating the after-heating. One sensor and one relay can be selected for this function.

For thermal disinfection, the temperature at the allocated sensor has to be monitored. This protection is ensured when, during the monitoring period PDIS, the disinfection temperature is continuously exceeded the disinfection temperature TDIS for the entire disinfection period DDIS. Thermal disinfection can only be completed when the disinfection temperature is exceeded for the duration of the disinfection period without any interruption.

The monitoring period PDIS starts as soon as the temperature at the allocated sensor falls below the disinfection temperature TDIS, once the monitoring period PDIS ends, disinfect period SDIS starts, the allocated reference relay activates the after-heating, and SDIS disinfect time count down “Disinfect 15” displays and flashes on the screen.

If the temperature at the allocated sensor exceeds the disinfection temperature, thermal disinfection heating period DDIS starts, disinfect 15 counts down time displays, count down time ends, thermal disinfection function stops.


20 OPARR (Parallel relay)




With this function, e. g. a valve can be controlled in parallel to the pump via a separate relay. If solar loading takes place (R1 and / or R2) or if a solar function is active, the parallel relay selected will be energized. The parallel relay can also be energized inversely.

INVER OFF means R1/R2 triggered, parallel reply also triggered.

INVER ON, means R1/R2 triggered, parallel reply is switched-off

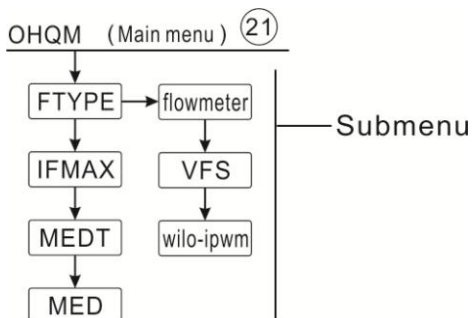
Icon  displays on the screen, it means parallel relay function is activated.

Icon  displays on the screen, it means parallel relay function is in operation.



Note: If R1 and / or R2 are in the manual mode, the selected parallel relay will not be energized.

21 OHQM (Heat quantity measurement)



The heat quantity measurement can be carried out in 2 different ways:

- Fixed flow rate (with flow meter)
- With Granados flow rotor VFS.

● **Heat quantity measurement with fixed flow rate value**

The heat quantity measurement calculation (estimation) uses the difference between the flow T1 and return T6 temperatures and the entered flow rate (at 100 % pump speed).



Note: sensor of flow and return pipe for heat quantity measurement is default set in every system, it can not be set.

Under menu FTYPE to set the flow rate type \hat{I}

Read the flow rate (l/min) and adjust it in the **FMAX menu**

Adjust the antifreeze type and concentration of the heat transfer fluid under menu **MEDT** and **MED%**.

Antifreeze type:

- 0: Water
- 1: Propylene glycol
- 2: Ethylene glycol
- 3: Typhoo? LS / G-LS



Note: Heat quantity measurement is not possible in systems with 2 solar pumps

● **Heat quantity measurement with Grundfos Direct SensorTM VFS:**

The heat quantity measurement uses the difference between flow T6 and return TVFS temperature and the flow rate transmitted by the VFS sensor.

TVFS: Grundfos Direct sensor VFS



Note:

- Sensor of flow and return pipe for heat quantity measurement is default set in every system, it can not be set.
- Flow checking function is only available when a VFS type Grundfos Direct Sensor is connected to the system.
- If select Grundfos sensor VFS to calculate heat quantity, firstly you should activate VFS function under menu GFDS, and select measurement range, default value is 1-12L/min.

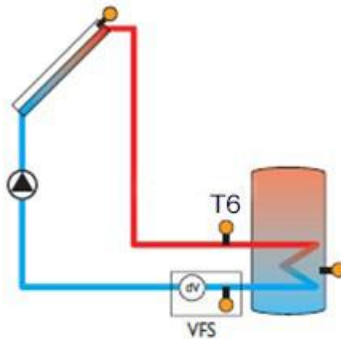
Under menu FTYPE to set flow rate type VFS and measurement rang, default is 1-12L/min

Adjust the antifreeze type and concentration of the heat transfer fluid under menu **MEDT** and **MED%**

For the systems with 2 collector fields, sensor should be installed on the general flow and return pipe for heat quantity measurement.

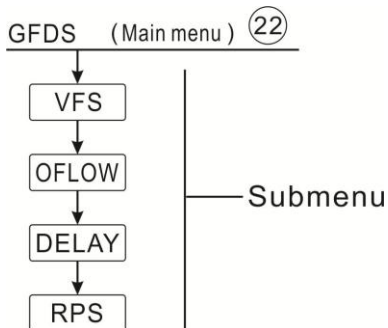
T6: Flow sensor

TVFS: Return sensor



Display unit of heat quantity for current day is DkWh, Accumulated heat quantity displays as kWh or MWh, sum of current day quantity and accumulated quantity becomes total energy output.

22 GFDS Grundfos flow rotor



Under this menu, the grundfos direct sensor can be activated or deactivated, and its measurement range can be set.

Flow rate monitoring

The flow rate monitoring function (OFLOW) can be used for detecting malfunctions that impede the flow rate and for switching off the corresponding tank. This will prevent system damage, e. g. through a dry run of the pump.

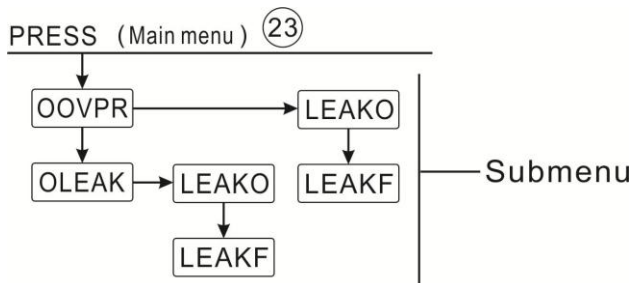
If the allocated relay is energized, the flow rate will be monitored at the allocated sensor. An error message will appear when no flow rate is detected at the allocated sensor after the delay time (DELAY) has passed.

If the shutdown option has been activated for the flow rate monitoring function, the tank being loaded will be blocked for any further loading until the error message has been acknowledged. The next tank free for loading will be loaded instead, if possible. When the error message has been acknowledged, the monitoring function will be active again.



Note: If the flow rate sensor used is removed, flow rate monitoring will be deactivated.

23 PRESS Pressure monitoring



Note: The pressure monitoring function will only be available when an RPD type Grundfos Direct Sensor™ is connected.

The pressure monitoring function can be used for detecting overpressure or low pressure conditions inside the system, and if necessary to shut down the affected system components in order to avoid system damage.

● Overpressure (OOVPR)

If the system pressure exceeds the adjustable switch-on pressure value, an error message will appear.

If the shutdown option has been activated for the overpressure monitoring function, the solar system will be shut down as well in the case of a fault condition. When the pressure reaches or falls below the adjustable switch-off pressure value, the system is switched on again.



Note: For the overpressure monitoring function, the switch-on pressure value must be at least 0.1bar higher than the switch-off pressure value. The adjustment ranges will automatically adapt to that.

● Low pressure (leakage OLEAK)

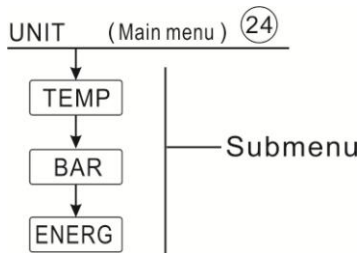
If the system pressure falls below the adjustable switch-on pressure value, an error message will appear.

If the shutdown option has been activated for the low pressure monitoring function, the solar system will be shut down as well in the case of a fault condition. When the pressure reaches or exceeds the adjustable switch-off pressure value, the system is switched on again.



Note: For the low pressure monitoring function, the switch-off value must be at least 0.1bar higher than the switch-on value. The adjustment ranges will automatically adapt to that.

②④ UNIT (C-F switch)



Under this menu, below unit can be set:

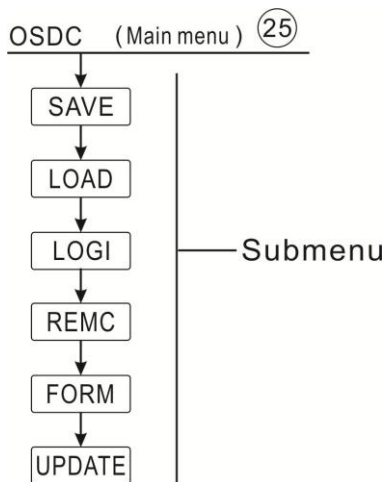
TEMP: temperature

BAR: pressure

ENERG: heat quantity

The units can be switched during operation.

②⑤ OSDC(SD Card)



The controller is equipped with a MicroSD card slot for MicroSD memory cards.

With a MicroSD card, the following functions can be carried out:

- Logging measurement and balance values. After the transfer to a computer, the values can be opened and visualized, e. g. in a spreadsheet.
- Tank adjustments and parameterizations on the MicroSD card and, if necessary, retrieve them from there.

- **Running firmware updates on the controller.**

when card is inserted into the slot, MicroSD card icon will appear on the screen, if card is full, warning info will appear, and under checking interface , there is also remind message that card is full.

- **Running firmware updates**

The current firmware software can be updated, In order to run an update, firstly to switch-off the power of controller, insert the MicroSD card with a firmware update into the slot, and hold down “ HOLIDAY” button to switch=on power again. The update enquiry message appears on the screen (according to the different case, content of message is different, if only firmware should be updated, then only update firmware message shows, if pictures should also be updated, then there is also picture update message appears)

Press “SET” button to confirm the update,

The update is run automatically. When the update has been completed, the controller will automatically reboot and run a short initialization phase.

To skip the update, press “ESC” button, the controller commences normal operation.

If wrong operated, just repower the controller and redo according to above steps.



Note: The controller will only find a file named "SR1568.bin" on the root directory of MicroSD memory card for the firmware update, find the file named BmpList.txt to update the pictures. Detailed update steps, see attachment XXX.

- **Starting the logging**

Insert the MicroSD card into the slot, Logging will start immediately.

Adjust the desired logging interval under menu OSDC-LOGI.

- **Completing the logging process (REMC)**

Select the menu item **REMC**, “**YES**” displays, press “**SET**” to move the cursor to “**YES**”, continues press “**SET**” to run the extract card order, running finished, “**SUCC**” will displays,

then card can be taken out.

- **Formatting the MicroSD card (FORM)**

Select the menu item **FORM**, “YES” displays, **press “SET” to move the cursor to “YES”, continues press “SET”** “ WAIT” displays, formatting order starts to run, it lasts ca. 10 seconds, running finished, “SUCC” will displays, The content of the card will be deleted and the card will be formatted with the FAT file system.

- **Storing controller adjustments (SAVE)**

To tank the controller adjustments on the MicroSD card, select the menu item **SAVE**.

Select the menu item **FORM**, “YES” displays, **press “SET” to move the cursor to “YES”, continues press “SET”** to run save order, running finished, “SUCC” will displays.

The controller adjustments are taken as “SR1567.DAT” file on the MicroSD card.

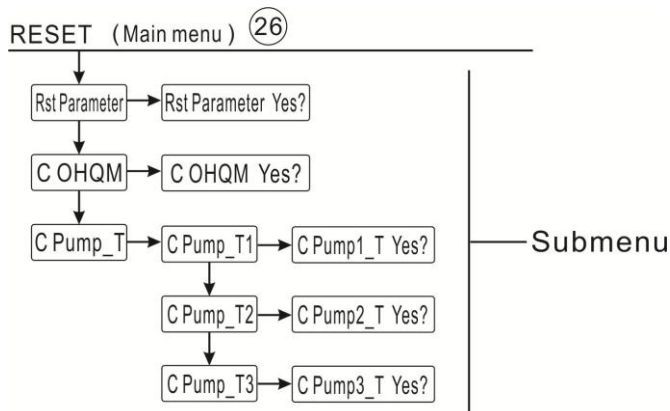
- **Loading controller adjustments**

To load controller adjustments from an SD card to controller, firstly find the file named “SR1567.DAT” on SD card, and then select the menu item **LOAD**. “YES” displays, **press “SET” to move the cursor to “YES”, continues press “SET” to run file loading**, and then **SUCC** will be indicated on the display.



Note: controller support MicroSD with maximum size of 32G, under OSDC menu, if “SAVE”、“LOAD”、“REMC”、“FORM” functions run successfully, behind every menu, “SUCC” displays, then you can no longer run these functions, but you can exit this menu and reenter, then such functions can be reactivated.

26 RESET(Reset)

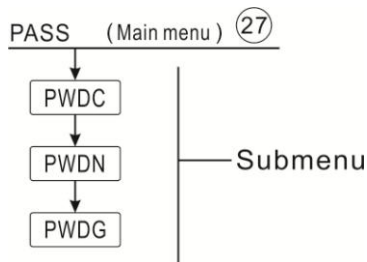


By means of the reset function, all adjustments can be set back to the factory settings. Doing follow below description.

Switch-off the power to controller

Hold “ESC” button, reconnect power, after 3 seconds, release “ESC” button, then controller recovery to the factory set password (default password 0000), and reset the password according to requirement.

27 PASS Password set



Select password set menu “PASS”

- ▶ Press “SET” button, “PWDC 0000” displays on the screen, current password is asked to be entered. (Factory default password: 0000)
- ▶ Press “SET” button, “PWDN 0000” displays on the screen, enter a new password
- ▶ Press “SET” button, “PWDG 0000” displays on the screen, reenter the new password, and confirm the new password.
- ▶ Press “ESC” button to exit the set, new password is set successfully.

i Note: If the password is forgot, it is impossible to recover, but you can recover the password to factory set, then you can reedit a password like above descript steps, doing like following to recover to factory set.

- ▶ Switch-off the power to controller
- ▶ Hold down “ESC” button
- ▶ Reconnect the power supply, and then release “ESC” button, Controller recovers to the factory set password (factory set possword is 0000),

6. Holiday function

The holiday function is used for operating the system when no water consumption is expected, e. g. during a holiday absence. This function cools down the system in order to reduce the thermal load.

2 cooling functions are available: tank cooling (OSTC) and tank heat transfer (OHDP).

Controller is designed to run tank heat transfer (OHDP) function priority, when tank heat

transfer (OHDP) function is deactivated, then tank cooling function (OHTC) runs automatically in turn.

Activated / deactivate holiday function

- ▶ Press "Holiday" button for 3 seconds, "Holiday 7 Days" displays.
- ▶ Press "↑", "↓" button to adjust days of holiday, adjust range 0-99 days.
- ▶ Repress "Holiday" button for 3 seconds, adjust days of holiday is "0" day.
- ▶ Press "ESC" button to exit, holiday function is deactivated.



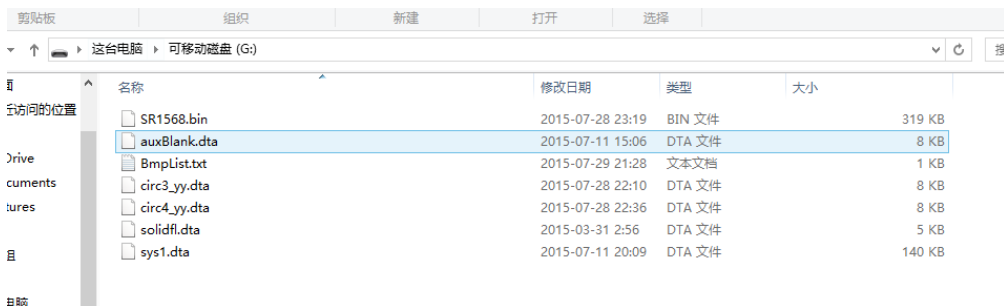
Note: when you return from holiday, please deactivate this function in time.

7. Software of controller upgrade

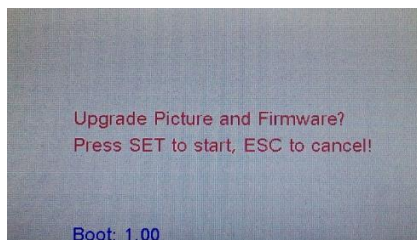
Revision history

Rev	Date	Author	Description
1.0	6-Jul-2015	Ji GenJun	Initial version
1.1	30-Jul-2015	Ji GenJun	Update for picture upgrade
1.2	9-Aug-2015	Ji GenJun	Update for new firmware SR1568

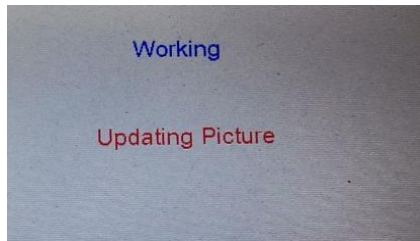
1) Please copy the files like SR1568.bin, *.dta to the root directory of Micro SD Card. See screen snap below.



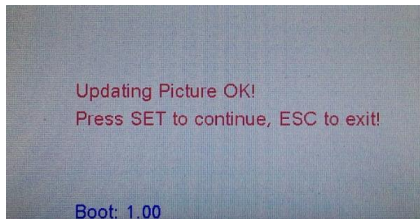
A. Switch-off the power and insert card to the controller, then hold down button "HOLIDAY", and reconnect power to controller. Then the screen will show "Upgrade Picture and Firmware?" there are four possible questions can be shown here, please check the FAQs.



- 2) Press “SET” button to confirm upgrade, If there are updated file in card, screen will show red words “Updating Picture”, blue word “working” will flash at the top of screen.



- 3) When upgrading is finished (depending on the size and quantity of files, running time is different), “Updating Picture OK” will show.



- 4) Press “SET” button to continue to upgrade firmware. Press “ESC” to exit upgrading and return to control system.
- 5) When Pressed “SET”, after 3 seconds, display appears “Update Success! Press SET to restart”, it indicate the upgrading is successful. Press “SET” or “ESC”, the controller will return to the control system.



- 6) After the controller return to the system, please check the new version.



Note: Does not power off the controller during the upgrading!

- 7) If the screen shows "Update Failure! Please try again! ", please check the files in TFCard, and do again following the step 1 above described or call our technician for support.

FAQs:


String in screen	Reason
Please Insert TFCard!	The card is not inserted or not correctly.
No valid files in TFCard!	Please check the files in Card, update the files, and try again. The format of the card, make sure it is FAT.

8. Protection function

8.1 Screen protection

When no any press on button for 6 minutes, screen protection is activated automatically, and then LED background lamp is switched-off. Through press any button to light LED lamp again.

8.2 Trouble protection

When there is a break or short circuit between the connection of temperature sensors, flow meter and pressure sensor, controller switches off the corresponding functions and no more output signals are given, at the same time error signal  appears on the screen. And indicate lamp flashes.

► Press "↑" "↓" button to view the error message (red indication)

8.3 Trouble checking

The built-in controller is a qualified product, which is conceived for years of continuous trouble-free operation. If a problem occurs, the most of causes is from the peripheral components but no relation with controller itself. The following description of some well-known problems should help the installer and operator to isolate the problem, so that the system can be put into operation as quickly as possible and to avoid unnecessary cost. Of course, not all possible problems can be listed here. However, most of the normal problems encountered with the controller can be found in the list below, only return the controller to seller when you are absolutely sure that none of the problems listed below is responsible for the fault.

On the control panel, LED lamp flashes and icon  flashes too.

Sensor errors, press “↑” “↓” button, sensor number shows on the screen, red one means fault sensor

Open

Short

Wire is open,
Checking wire

Wire is short,
Checking wire

Disconnect sensor, check resistance value with ohmmeter,
and compare the figure with below table.

°C	°F	Ω Pt500	Ω Pt1000	Ω KTY	°C	°F	Ω Pt500	Ω Pt1000	Ω KTY
-10	14	481	961	1499	55	131	607	1213	2502
-5	23	490	980	1565	60	140	616	1232	2592
0	32	500	1000	1633	65	149	626	1252	2684
5	41	510	1019	1702	70	158	636	1271	2778
10	50	520	1039	1774	75	167	645	1290	2874
15	59	529	1058	1847	80	176	655	1309	2971
20	68	539	1078	1922	85	185	664	1328	3071
25	77	549	1097	2000	90	194	634	1347	3172
30	86	559	1117	2079	95	203	683	1366	3275
35	95	568	1136	2159	100	212	693	1385	3380
40	104	578	1155	2242	105	221	702	1404	3484
45	113	588	1175	2327	110	230	712	1423	3590
50	122	597	1194	2413	115	239	721	1442	3695

Display is always closed

Press button on the right side, display is lighted?

No

Yes

Controller is in standby status,
it is normal

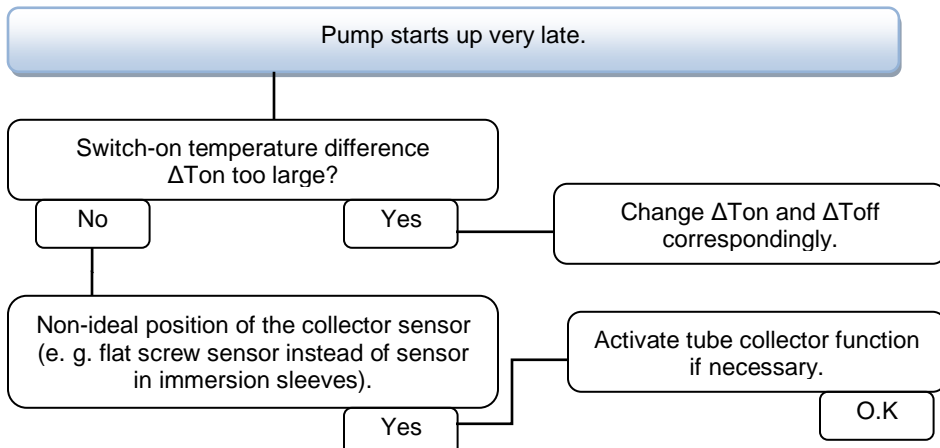
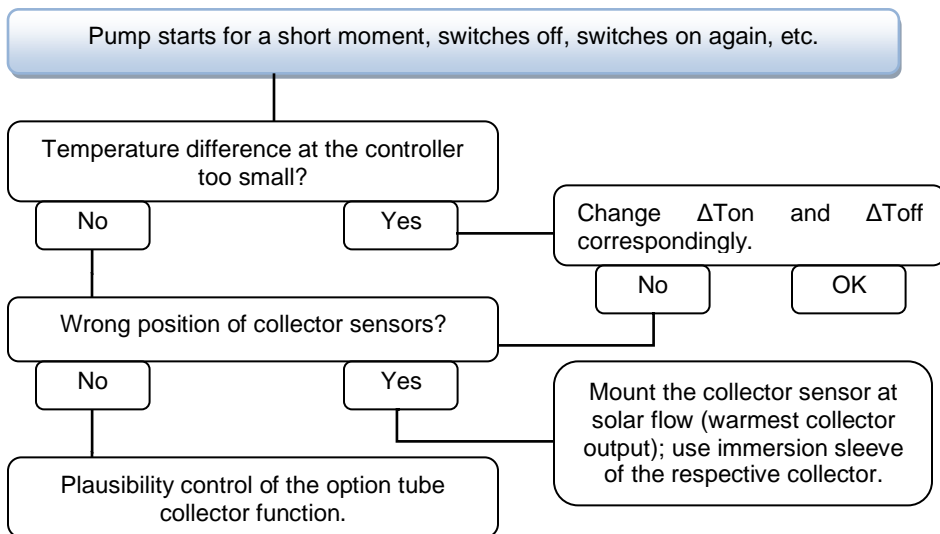
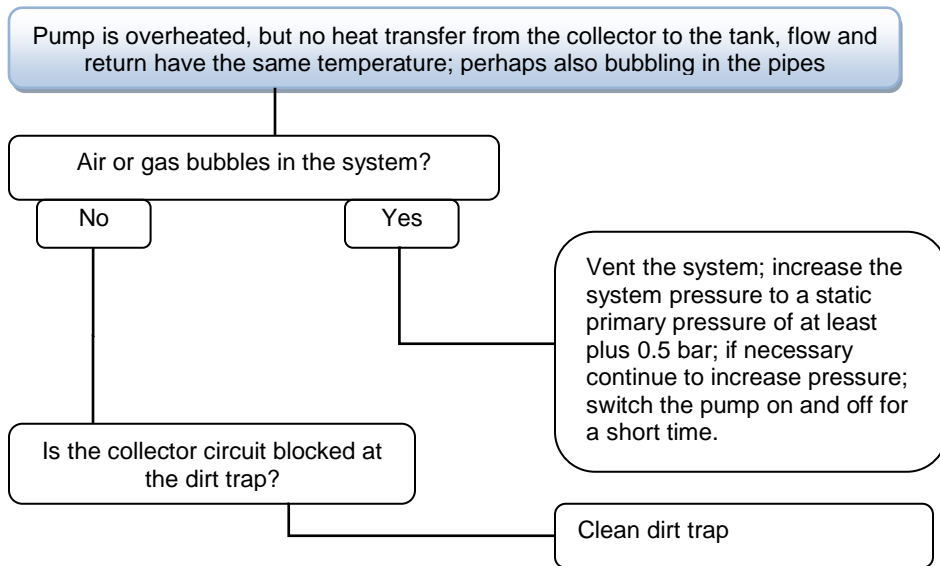
Checking the power connection, does controller have power?

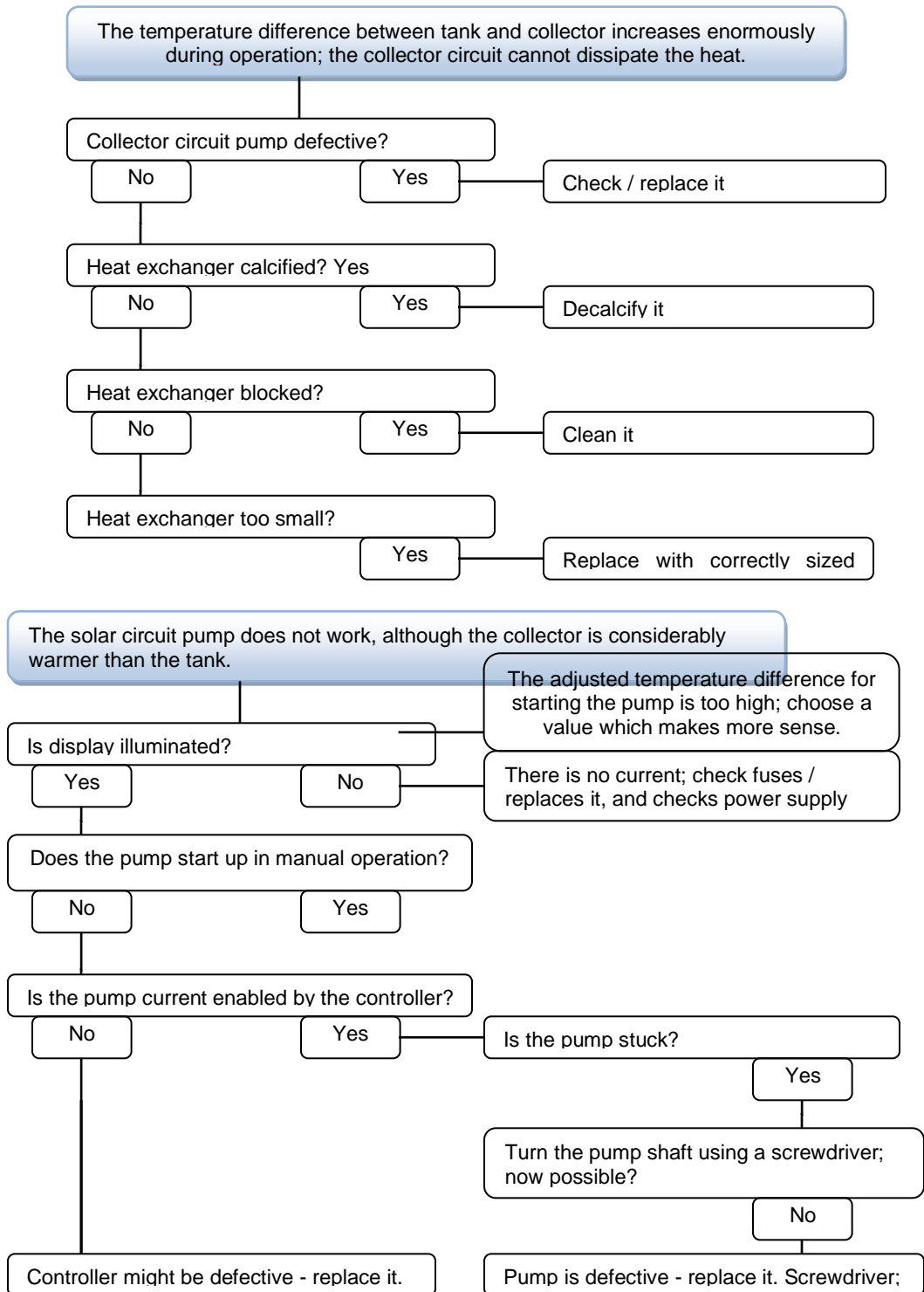
No

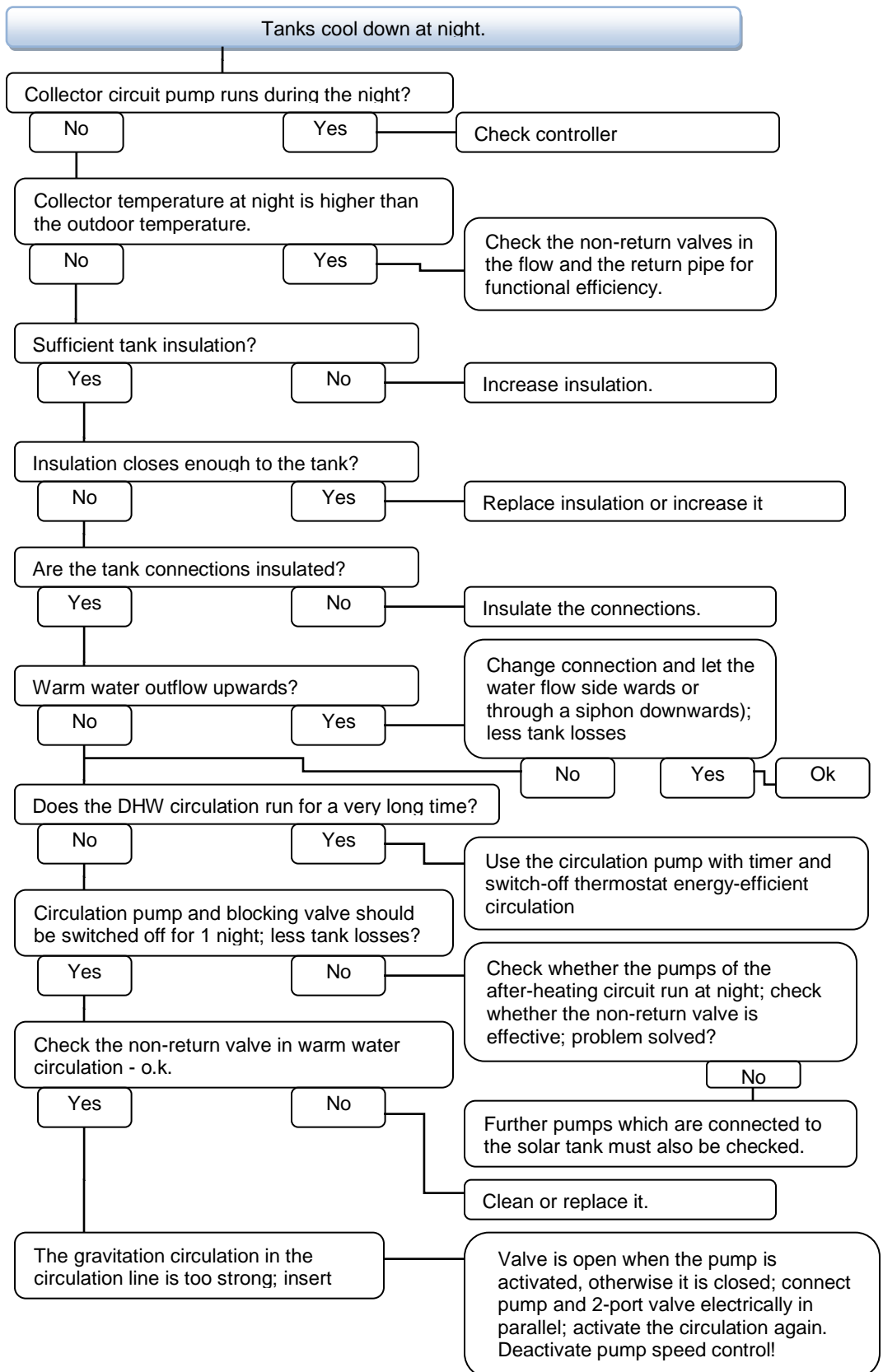
Yes

Fuse of controller is broken,
open the housing of
controller, and a backup fuse
is put on the slot, and replace
a new fuse.

Checking the wire, connected it






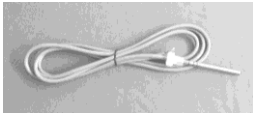





9. Quality Guarantee

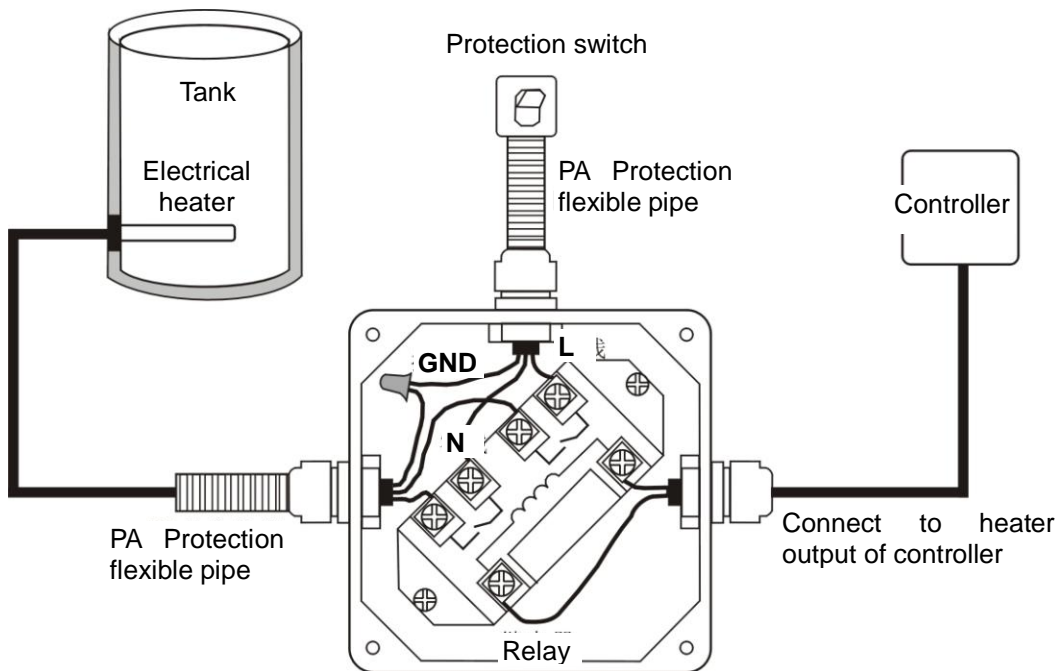
Manufacturer provides following quality responsibilities to end-users: within the period of quality responsibilities, manufacturer will exclude the failure caused by production and material selection. A correct installation will not lead to failure. When a user takes incorrect handling way, incorrect installation, improper or crude handling, and wrong connection of Warm water outflow upwards?

The quality warranty expires within 24 months after the date of purchasing the controller.

10. Accessories

Products name	Specification	Products picture
A01: High accurate Pt1000 sensor for collector	PT1000, $\Phi 6 \times 50$ mm	
A02 High accurate sensor for tank and pipe	NTC10K, B=3950, $\Phi 6 \times 50$ mm	
A05 304 stainless steel thermo well	304 stainless steel with thread 1/2" OT, Size: $\Phi 8 \times 200$	
A13 格兰富电子流量计		
SR802 Unit for high power electrical heater	Dimension: 100mm*100mm*65mm Power supply: AC180V ~ 264V, 50/60Hz Suitable power: ≤ 4000 W Available ambient temperature: -10 ~ 50°C Waterproof grade: IP43	

- **SR802 connection diagram**



Note: Switch-off power, and perform by profession installer.